The Bedford Gazette.

BY MEYERS & MENGEL. BEDFORD, PA., FRIDAY MORNING, MAY 25, 1866. VOL. 61.—WHOLE No. 5.349.

TERMS OF PUBLICATION.

THE BEDFORD GAZETTE is published every Friday morning by MEYERS & MENGEL, at $2 00 per annum, *if paid strictly in advance*; $2.50 if paid within six months; $3.00 if not paid within six months. *All subscription accounts MUST be settled annually.* No paper will be sent out of the State unless paid for IN ADVANCE, and all such subscriptions will invariably be discontinued at the expiration of the time for which they are paid.

All ADVERTISEMENTS for a less term than three months TEN CENTS per line for each insertion. Special notices one-half additional. All resolutions of Associations; communications of limited or individual interest, and notices of marriages and deaths exceeding five lines, *ten cents* per line. Editorial notices fifteen cents per line.

All legal Notices of every kind, and Orphans' Court and Judicial Sales, are required by law to be published in both papers published in this place.

☞ All advertising due after first insertion.

A liberal discount is made to persons advertising by the quarter, half year, or year, as follows:

	3 months.	6 months.	1 year.
One square	$4 50	$6 00	$10 00
Two squares	6 00	9 00	16 00
Three squares	8 00	12 00	20 00
Quarter column	14 00	20 00	35 00
Half column	18 00	25 00	45 00
One column	30 00	45 00	80 00

One square to occupy one inch of space.

JOB PRINTING, of every kind, done with neatness and dispatch. THE GAZETTE OFFICE has just been refitted with a Power Press and new type, and everything in the Printing line can be executed in the most artistic manner and at the lowest rates.—TERMS CASH.

☞ All letters should be addressed to MEYERS & MENGEL, Publishers.

Attorneys at Law.

JOSEPH W. TATE, ATTORNEY AT LAW, BEDFORD, PA., will promptly attend to collections of bounty, back pay, &c., and all business entrusted to his care in Bedford and adjoining counties.

Cash advanced on judgments, notes, military and other claims.

Has for sale Town lots in Tatesville, where a good Church is erected, and where a large School House shall be built. Farms, Land and Timber Lears, from one acre to 500 acres to suit purchasers.

Office nearly opposite the "Mengel Hotel" and Bank of Reed & Schell.

April 6, 1866—1y

J. MCD. SHARPE. | E. F. KERR.

SHARPE & KERR, ATTORNEYS AT LAW BEDFORD, PA., will practice in the courts of Bedford and adjoining counties Office on Juliana st., opposite the Banking House of Reed & Schell. [March 2, '66.

J. R. DURBORROW. | JOHN LUTZ.

DURBORROW & LUTZ, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, BEDFORD, PA., Will attend promptly to all business intrusted to their care. Collections made on the shortest notice.

They are, also, regularly licensed Claim Agents and will give special attention to the prosecution of claims against the Government for Pensions, Back Pay, Bounty, Bounty Lands, &c.

Office on Juliana street, one door South of the "Mengel House," and nearly opposite the *Inquirer* office.

JOHN P. REED, ATTORNEY AT LAW, BEDFORD, PA Respectfully tenders his services to the public.

Office second door North of the Mengel House. Bedford, Aug. 1, 1851

JOHN PALMER, ATTORNEY AT LAW, BEDFORD, PA. Will promptly attend to all business entrusted to his care.

Particular attention paid to the collection of Military claims. Office on Juliana Street, nearly opposite the Mengel House. Bedford, Aug. 1, 1851.

ESPY M. ALSIP, ATTORNEY AT LAW, BEDFORD, PA. Will faithfully and promptly attend to all business entrusted to his care in Bedford and adjoining counties. Military claims, back pay, bounty, &c., speedily collected.

Office with Mann & Spang, on Juliana street, two doors South of the Mengel House. Jan. 22, 1864,

P. M. KIMMELL. | J. W. LINGENFELTER.

KIMMELL & LINGENFELTER, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, BEDFORD, PA., Have formed a partnership in the practice of the Law. Office on Juliana street, two doors South of the "Mengel House."

G. H. SPANG, ATTORNEY AT LAW, BEDFORD, PA. Will promptly attend to collections and all business entrusted to his care in Bedford and adjoining counties.

Office on Juliana Street, three doors south of the "Mengel House," opposite the residence of Mrs. Tate. May 13, 1864.

S. F. MEYERS. | J. W. DICKERSON.

MEYERS & DICKERSON, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, Bedford, Pa., office same as formerly occupied by Hon. W. P. Schell, two doors east of the GAZETTE office, will practice in the several courts of Bedford county. Pensions, bounty and back pay obtained and the purchase and sale of real estate attended to. [may11,'66.

JOHN H. FILLER, *Attorney at Law*, Bedford, Pa. Office near y opposite the Post Office. [apr.20,'65.—1y.

Physicians and Dentists.

P. H. PENNSYL, M. D., BLOODY RUN, Pa., (late surgeon 56th P. V. V.,) tenders his professional services to the people of that place and vicinity. Dec. 22, '65—1y*

W. W. JAMISON, M. D., BLOODY RUN, Pa., tenders his professional services to the people of that place and vicinity. Office one door west of Richard Langdon's store. Nov. 24, '65—1y

DR. J. L. MARBOURG, Having permanently located, respectfully tenders his professional services to the citizens of Bedford and vicinity.

Office on Juliana street, east side, nearly opposite the Banking House of Reed & Schell. Bedford, February 12, 1864.

C. N. HICKOK, | J. G. MINNICH, JR.,

DENTISTS, BEDFORD, PA.

Office in the Bank Building, Juliana St.

All operations pertaining to Surgical or Mechanical Dentistry carefully performed, and warranted.

TERMS—CASH.

Bedford, January 6, 1865.

Bankers.

JACOB REED, | J. J. SCHELL,

REED AND SCHELL, *Bankers and* DEALERS IN EXCHANGE, BEDFORD, PA.,

DRAFTS bought and sold, collections made and money promptly remitted.

Deposits solicited.

G. W. RUPP.....O. E. SHANNON.....F. BENEDICT

RUPP, SHANNON & CO., BANKERS, BEDFORD, PA.

BANK OF DISCOUNT AND DEPOSIT.

COLLECTIONS made for the East, West, North and South, and the general business of Exchange transacted. Notes and Accounts Collected and remittances promptly made. REAL ESTATE bought and sold. Oct. 20, 1865.

Miscellaneous.

DANIEL BORDER, PITT STREET, TWO DOORS WEST OF THE BEDFORD HOTEL, BEDFORD, PA.

WATCHMAKER AND DEALER IN JEWELRY, SPECTACLES, &C.

He keeps on hand a stock of fine Gold and Silver Watches, Spectacles of Brilliant Double Refined Glasses, also Scotch Pebble Glasses. Gold Watch Chains, Breast Pins, Finger Rings, best quality of Gold Pens. He will supply to order any thing in his line not on hand. Oct. 20, 1865-

H. F. IRVINE, ANDERSON'S ROW, BEDFORD, PA., Dealer in Boots, Shoes, Queensware, and Varieties. ☞Orders from Country Merchants respectfully solicited. Oct. 20, 1865.

D. R. ANDERSON, *Licensed Scrivener and Conveyancer*, CENTREVILLE, BEDFORD COUNTY, PA., will attend to the writing of Deeds, Mortgages, Leases, Articles of Agreement, and all business usually transacted by a Scrivener and Conveyancer. The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited.

April 6, '66-tf.

Hardware, &c.

WM. HARTLEY. | S. S. METZGER.

HARTLEY & METZGER having formed a partnership, on the 1st day of April, 1866, in the *HARDWARE and FARM MACHINERY TRADE*, now invite the public to examine their mammoth stock, which they will sell at low figures, *for cash*. [apr.27,'66.

IRON AND NAILS, at lowest cash prices, at HARTLEY & METZGER'S.

PAINTS, fresh, durable and beautiful; Pure Liberty White Lead; Penn Treaty White Lead; Mansion White Lead; China Gloss; Turpentine; Flaxseed Oil; Copal and Demar Varnish; Brushes of all kinds, for sale cheap, at HARTLEY & METZGAR'S.

GRAIN AND GRASS SCYTHES, Sneds and Harvesting Implements in great variety, and at all prices, for sale at HARTLEY & METZGER S.

$5.00 WASHING MACHINES and the great anti-Cog-Wheel Wringer, now on exhibition at HARTLEY & METZGER'S. Call and see this invention before purchasing elsewhere.

SPRING TOOTH RAKES, Gum Spring Grain Drills, Improved Cider Mills, Eureka Fodder and Straw Cutters, for sale at HARTLEY & METZGER'S.

HOUSE KEEPERS will find at Hartley & Metzger's Store a great variety of household Hardware: Knives and Forks, Spoons of elegant quality, Ladles, single or in sets, Shovels and Tongs, Waiters, Tea Bells, Scissors, Meat Saws, Carvers, Paring Knives, Brushes, Waffle Irons, Griddles, Gridirons, Brass, Porcelain and Iron Kettles, Iron Pots, Tubs, Buckets, Baskets, Brooms, Slaw Cutters, &c., &c. Stove Polish, Rotten Stone, and a hundred little "knick knacks" that we can't afford to enumerate. It would be easier to tell what we don't keep than what we do.

THE CLEAREST, BRIGHTEST, Best, Safest and Purest, and for these reasons the *Cheapest Coal Oil* in Bedford, may always be had at Hartley & Metzger's. You who have never used any other than the *"common truck,"* try it, compare it! and you will always go to Hartley's. Coal Oil Lamps in brilliant profusion, and great variety, very cheap at Hartley's, also, Wick, Lamp Tops, &c. Coal Oil Lamps repaired.

50 GREENCASTLE GRAIN CRADLES, Natural bent fingers will be received by Hartley & Metzger, who are exclusive agents for Bedford county. Order soon.

BUCK-EYE REAPERS and MOWERS, with all the new improvements, among which is the wonderful *Dropping* invention. Also, a few *"Former Mowers"* for sale by Hartley & Metzger. Order soon as the supply is short for this season.

BARN DOOR ROLLERS, of the most improved pattern, track and all complete, cheaper and better than hinges, for sale at HARTLEY & METZGER'S.

DEMI-JOHNS, for Mineral Water, at HARTLEY & METZGER'S.

FISHING TACKLE—Rods, Hooks, Lines, &c., &c. Shot Guns, Powder, Shot, Caps, &c., at Hartley & Metzger's.

50 BEREA GRINDSTONES and and Fixtures, at Hartley & Metzgers.

PATENT WHEEL GREASE; the best White-wash, Blacking and Scrub Brushes in town, at Hartley & Metzger's.

GO TO HARTLEY & METZGER'S to get your money back.

$10,000 DUE AND WANTED.—Old Merchants say: it is necessary to quit business in order to settle up; that many people are so mean, after you have credited them; that when you try to get your honest dues from them, they will "shy off," and spend their money, or run up accounts, at other stores, and you will lose their custom.

I don't want to quit business. I must have money and woman who owes me by book account or note to pay me *now*. I don't want them to act mean and "shy off." Stand up to the counter like men! Pay if you can. If you can't pay, settle some way. I will sue only those who don't want to pay, and quft me because I dun them.

Let all concerned call at once to settle. Thankful to a generous public for their patronage, I hope they will favor the new firm of Hartley & Metzger who will do right.

apr.27.] Respectfully, WM. HARTLEY.

GEO. BLYMYER. | JOHN P. BLYMYER.

GEORGE BLYMYER & SON having formed a partnership, on the 6th of March, 1866, in the *HARDWARE & HOUSE FURNISHING BUSINESS*,

respectfully invite the public to their new rooms, three doors west of the old stand, where they will find an immense stock of the most splendid goods ever brought to Bedford county. These goods will be sold at the lowest possible prices. Persons desirous of purchasing BUILDING HARDWARE will find it to their advantage to give us a call.

WHITE LEAD.—We have on hand a large quantity of White Lead, which we have been fortunate to buy a little lower than the market rates. The particular brands to which we would invite attention, are the

Pure Buck Lead,
Liberty White Lead,
Snow Franklin White Lead,
Washington White Lead,
Washington Zinc White Lead,
New York White Lead.

ALSO:—*French Porcelain Finish,*
Demar Varnish;
Varnishes of all kinds,
Flaxseed Oil, (pure.)
Turpentine and Alcohol.

All kinds of IRON and NAILS.

No. 1 CHRYSTAL ILLUMINATING COAL OIL.

LAMPS in profusion.

We would invite persons wanting Saddlery Hardware, to give us a call, as we have everything in the Saddlery line, such as Buckles, Rings, Hames and Webbing Leather of all kinds; also a variety of Shoe Findings, consisting of French Calf Skins, Morocco Linings, Bindings, Pegs, etc.

Housekeepers will find at Blymyer & Son's store a great variety of household goods. Knives and Fork of the very best quality; Plated Table and Tea Spoons at all prices.

Give us a call and we can supply you with Barn Door Rollers, the latest improvements; Nova Scotia Grindstones, better than any in use; Shovels, Forks and Spades.

Grain and Grass Scythes and Snathes; Fishing Tackle; Brushes of all kinds; Demi-Johns; Patent Wheel Grease, Tar and Whale Oil, and an infinite variety of articles.

$20,000 WANTED—Would like to get it if our friends would let us have it. Less will do; but persons having unsettled accounts will close them up to the first of March, to enable us to close our old books. This should be done.

may4,'66. GEO. BLYMYER & SON.

$1,500 PER YEAR! We want agents every where to sell our IMPROVED $20 Sewing Machines. Three new kinds. Under and upper feed. Warranted five years.—Above salary or large commissions paid. The ONLY machines sold in the United States for less than $40, which are *fully licensed by Howe, Wheeler & Wilson, Grover & Baker, Singer & Co., and Bachelder. All* other cheap machines are *infringements*, and the *seller* or *user* are *liable to arrest, fine, and imprisonment.* Circulars *free.* Address, or call upon Shaw & Clark, Biddeford, Maine, or Chicago, Ills. [Dec. 22, '65—1y

$90 A MONTH! Agents wanted for *six entirely new articles*, just out. Address O. T. GAREY, City Building, Biddeford, Maine. [Dec. 22, '65—1y

RICHARD LEO, *Manufacturer of* CABINET-WARE, CHAIRS, &C., BEDFORD, PA.,

The undersigned being engaged in the Cabinet making business, will make to order and keep on hand everything in his line of manufacture.

BUREAUS, DRESSING STANDS, PARLOR AND EXTENSION TABLES, CHAIRS, BEDSTEADS, WASHSTANDS, &C., &C.,

will be furbished at all prices, and to suit every taste. COFFINS will also be made to order.

☞Prompt attention paid to all orders for work.

☞Shop on West Pitt Street, nearly opposite the residence of George Shuck.

July 10, 1863.—tf RICHARD LEO.

MERCHANTS' SHOW BILLS, printed in superior style, and upon reasonable terms, at THE BEDFORD GAZETTE office.

The Bedford Gazette.

SPEECH of SENATOR COWAN,

DELIVERED

AT AN IMMENSE MASS MEETING,

IN THE

City Hall, Washington, D. C., April 5th,

IN SUPPORT OF

PRESIDENT JOHNSON'S POLICY.

At which speeches were made by U. S. Marshal Gooding, Ex-Governor Wm. F. Johnson, of Penn'a, Gen John L. Swift, of Mass., and Gen. Green Clay Smith, of Ky.

The honorable Senator was greeted with loud and continued applause. Leaning forward, he said: How are you? There are a good many of you down there. I have been expecting you for some time. [Laughter.] What did you come for? [Laughter, and a voice—"Eight hours a day."] Well, it is rather a late hour for that. My friends, I have been speaking this afternoon a good deal, and I shall detain you to say a few words only. I asked you what you were here for. I went home a few days ago, and when within twenty-five miles of my destination I met an old farmer in the cars, who said to me: "Cowan how are you getting along in Washington?" "Not very well." Said he, "what the devil is the matter?" "Why don't the Union restore? What is wrong?" Going on a little further, I met an old soldier who made the same inquiry: "What is the reason the Union won't restore? Didn't we whip those fellows down there? Didn't we make those fellows lay down their arms and obey the laws?" "Certainly." "Then what is the reason the Union won't restore?" Further on I met an old fellow, with a long purse and a good many bonds. Said he: "Cowan, what is wrong? I loaned this Government a good deal of money to carry on the war, and what is the reason the Union won't restore?" Now, that is a tremendous question. Think of it. A parcel of bad people in 1860-61, undertook to destroy this Union. We resisted, as we had a right to do, on the ground that we had the right to make everybody obey the Constitution and the laws.

But there was another thing we said at the same time. We said this is not a movement of the people. It is a movement of politicians and demagogues, who want to rule or ruin the nation. Why? Did this nation ever hurt any body? Never. There is not a man who could say he had a single grievance to redress or a single wrong to avenge. Not one. It was a movement of demagogues who took the people did not want in the South, of the excitement of the moment to carry those States out of the Union. We said, therefore, this is not the work of the people. We must go down and rescue the people, and take them out of the clutches of these fellows, who would drive them to their own ruin. We had a right to do that, and we made all that terrible war, not to punish the people, not to oppress, to make slaves of them, but to rescue them from the power of the rebellion into which they had been drawn. We succeeded in that, and the people were thankful. They all agreed to lay down their arms, come back and be good subjects. Are not they doing that now? Have you heard of any resistance to the Government since the surrender of the rebel army? The President himself, a few days ago, issued a proclamation that all was quiet, not only along the Potomac, but everywhere else. [Laughter and cheers.]

The people, beaten in war, desired again to enjoy the benefits of the Union conferred upon them. But they cannot have them, and what is the reason? Why my eloquent friend who last addressed you has told you what the reason was. Radicalism is the reason. And my friends, what reason does it bring? What idol does it worship? What star does it follow? What flag does it march under? Radicalism will not let the Union restore. When the people ask why you do not restore the Union, the reply is, "Oh no; not yet." Why not? What's wrong? The negro must vote; that's the whole of it. [Laughter and cries of "That's it."] These fellows at the Capitol will restore it to-morrow if you will allow the negro to vote in the South, a question with which we have nothing whatever to do. If they want to argue the question, let them go up into Pennsylvania. The negro does not vote there. ["Not a bit of it."] If they want to argue the question, let them go out to Illinois. The negro does not vote there. If they want to argue it, let them go to New York. He does not vote there unless he is a wealthy darkey. [Great Laughter.] Let them go into Massachusetts and argue it there. He does not vote there unless he is a literary darkey. [Continued Laughter.]

My friends, I repeat that we in Congress have nothing whatever to do with this question in the States more than you people in the District of Columbia have. The States which formed this Union are free States. They were free States when they made the Union, and they are free States yet. It was the pride and glory of our fathers to cement a glorious Union like this and still allow the States to be free. Now, wherein consists the freedom of a State? You will all agree that a State would not be free if somebody outside were permitted to come in and say who should be Governor, who elected to Congress, who elected to the Legislature, who elected sheriffs and constables. Then, if there be nobody outside a free State who has the power to say what men shall be elected to office, neither is there anybody who shall say who are to be made electors: because, if you will give me the right to say who shall vote, I will very quicy tell you who shall be elected. In the country those who vote are in the habit of electing the officers; and for persons outside to say who shall have the right of suffrage is another way of saying that outsiders may dictate who shall be elected to office. I repeat that we have nothing whatever to do with that question. The States of the Union are free States. We have a natral Government, and to it have been delegated certain powers carefully laid down and enumerated in the Constitution. It is just as if a dozen gentlmen here were to meet together to form a partnership; rules are laid down, articles of copartnership are entered into. How long do you think such a partnership would be likely to last if one member was allowed to say, I will manage matters all my own way, and another allowed to say, I will have more than my share of the profits? So it is with the nation. We have agreed under the Constitution upon our terms of copartnership. We stand upon those terms. We not only say we will remain in the Union but that we will compel any refractory member of it also to remain—to stand just as the Constitution makes them stand. [A voice, "We will make them stand."] Yes, that's it. I always like to get a little good hard English in. [Laughter.]

Well, who opposes this doctrine? They say they are a Union party. The Union party fellows who say they are for the Union but will not have it. Is not that a singular Union party? Is it not playing Union party with the Union left out? Is it not a repetition of the play of Hamlet with Hamlet left out?

But they are abusive fellows too. Just as my friend here, said, if you want a Union upon the basis on which it was constructed; if you propose to stand upon the agreement which was made, they say, no, you are a Copperhead. If you do not want to kill all the women and children in the South, they say you are secesh, you are a rebel. Did ever anybody hear of such scolds? A great many people have thought that Lincoln was a better natured man than Johnson. It has occurred to me that after listening for three or four years to the abuse of these people, he would have been disposed to stool. There was upon the coast of England, that when a woman acquired a habit of scolding beyond endurance, she was placed upon a stool called a cooking-stool, and there she sat, the object of the jeers and derision of boys, and sometimes of those who ought to have known better.

These people cannot keep peace with anybody. They cannot agree with anybody. If you could only put them into a pen by themselves the fate of the Kilkenny cats would be theirs. There would be nothing left in a short time, but a few tails lying about the floor. They will not have Union now because they do not want it; and why? I will tell you. They have behaved so outrageously during the last four years, so overbearingly, as if they had all the patriotism in their belly, that they know very well that the people of the South cannot love them—that is utterly impossible. They never had any charity for those people, and having gone into rebellion, they would see men, women and children, loyal and disloyal, go to the same bottom. It was not the fault of the people of the South that the rebellion came. A majority of the southern people were not for it, and if this Government had done its duty and put down the rebellion in its inception, there would have been no war. ["That's so."]

But here you had Congress fighting at one end of the avenue, just as they are fighting now. You had a President at the other end of the avenue wanting to do one thing and Congress another, and while they were engaged fighting each other, the Southern propagandists and Knights of the Golden Circle were left free to act with no force to oppose them, and what could the people do? What do these people up at the Capitol propose to do now? To inflict their punishment upon the innocent instead of the guilty. They say you cannot restore the Union now. Why? Because rebels will get back to Congress. Well suppose they do come is there no way of keeping them out? If a man comes here claiming a seat in Congress who is a rebel, a traitor, a leader who incited the people to rebellion, would there be no way to avert the terrible calamity of his taking a seat in Congress? I would not find any difficulty in preventing it. I would not ask the President or Congress how to keep him out. I would take out a warrant and arrest him under the law. If he were a traitor I would have him arrested and punished. I would let the courts, the marshals and the juries do their work; and after you have hung a man as a traitor, he would not trouble you much about getting into Congress. [Laughter and cheers.] Oh, no, they do not want the Union or law restored, they want something else. What was the proposition they introduced into Congress the other day? They said: "Let us forgive these people down South." Well, suppose you do. What will you require in return? Let the negro vote. That is about the whole of it. These red-handed traitors can come back if you will let the negro vote. They will swop off the right to punish the criminal, if you will only give them the vote of the negro. But, you may ask, why do you want the negro to vote? Because if you allow the negro to vote he will vote for us. [Laughter.] He will vote for us, and there is nobody else down there who will. [Continued Laughter.] We have behaved toward the white people so outrageously that there is not one of them who loves us. That is the whole secret of it. I do not see any difficulty on that point. I have no personal animosity against anybody down there, and there is no reason for indulging in any such feeling, except so far as those people keep it up. But that is the explanation of the whole matter.

There are two or three gentlemen—it has become so exceedingly unpopular to name anybody that I will not say who they are—I do not want to throw the carcasses of dead dogs into that assembly. ["How about the dead duck"] I do not mention anybody; but there is a man, and there are four or five millions of people down there, not one of whom loves that man. Then he is dead. No man can be hated by four or five millions of people without being dead. Think of it. I should dislike monstrously to be hated by two or three little boys in this crowd, and how much more by four or five millions of men, women and children. They are determined this Union shall not be restored so long as these people hate them, and they have no more hope of a change in that respect than you have. Do you suppose they care about the negro? They know the negro never can be brought in contact with white people and compete with them. They know just as well as we know that we are stronger, richer and more powerful than he, and that he cannot compete with us in any of the great business transactions with which we are brought in contact.

But admit, if you please, that he is stronger than you are and wiser, still this is not his country; it is your country. He is here a kind of stranger.—You cannot eat with him, drink with him, sleep with him, or marry with him. [Laughter and cheers.] I say, then, that no true friend of the colored man will bring him face to face with the white man in any struggle in which we may be engaged. Why should he be brought there? It is but to expose him to your greater strength and What good would voting do him? He has either got to have a party of his own, or else to mix himself with two or three of your parties. If he had a party and the majority, do you think he would elect any white man to office? [A voice. "He would elect a radical!"] Not by any means. He would not touch them with a ten-foot pole.

Sam is a good deal too sharp for that. He understands too well how he has been used for years as a hobby for them to ride into office, if he ever gets them off to ever allow himself to take them on again. [laughter.] Go into Liberia, where he has a country of his own, and see whether he will permit any white man to vote there. Not at all; his constitution says that nobody shall vote unless he has African blood in his veins. Why? Because he does not want to expose you to the defeat of coming into competition with his superior race.—[Laughter.]

I am a friend of his. I have protected him very often, and it is because I am a friend that I say it is a shame to undertake to bring these innocent people into such difficulties and defeat as will inevitably follow being brought into contact and competition with the white race. The negro is one of the happiest dogs in the world. Give him a cabin in a corn field and DINAH to love, and he does not care about politics. Not a bit of it. As I said before, the only difficulty about restoring the Union is in this party which is not a party after all. The radicals never had a party. I was years ago an old Whig, and they were always annoying us.—Those abolitionists did nothing but scold and find fault with everybody.—The Whig party was rather more favorable to them than the Democratic party, but they said, "No, no, we must have a whole loaf or no bread." And when we wanted to elect Clay they stuck up a candidate of their own.

[*A Voice*—Birney.]

Yes, that was the man. They got a few thousand votes for him—enough to defeat Clay, and that was all it came to. Then when the war came on they came out very strongly. They went to work, and what did they do? Staid at home, scolded, and made trouble among our own people. Very few of them went to the war. The men who fought went into the contest for the Constitution and the laws, and not upon any hobby or scheme of reform, to turn a black man into a white man, or anything of that sort. They fought for the flag, and they were the men who did the fighting. But these fellows were exceedingly jealous. They were very enthusiastic, made speeches, wrote pamphlets, and all that sort of thing. Of course there was no objection to that; nothing wrong in it.

Now that the war is over they say they have abolished slavery. Why, gentlemen, they never abolished anything. [Laughter.] They never abolished slavery, nor anything else that ever I heard of, unless, perhaps, the use of common sense by themselves.—Perhaps they may abolish themselves one of these days. The men they have abused a hundred times are the men who abolished slavery. The slaveholders themselves did tenfold more to abolish it than they. If the slaveholders had been satisfied to allow matters to remain quiet, they would have had their slaves to-day. It would have been impossible to overthrow slavery. But they united with the politicians in the war, and it was the soldier who abolished slavery, not the speechmaker, or the proclamation-maker, who parades himself here as the person who has accomplished it. Well, now, slavery is abolished, and what more do you want? Everything these people want, when you bring them down to the point, is that the negro shall vote.

They pretend they want to give him civil rights. We have given all the civil rights we have. We never stipulated to go to the extent of overturning a State to give him rights. We broke the fetter from the slave and left him just like one of us, free to go where he pleased. If he did not like his master in the District of Columbia he could go to Maryland. If he did not like Maryland he could go to Pennsylvania, just as I would go, and I might be so hard pushed under certain circumstances as to go to Massachusetts.—[Laughter.] If the negro is not in the right State he may go where he pleases, and that is personal liberty. It is the liberty we have conferred upon the black man, and a thing of which I am proud. But I will not go to the extent of overturning the liberty of the States and centralizing this Government, putting the whole power in the hands of Congress and the President here to be wielded for improper purposes. I resist it now as I have always.

As I said before, a gentleman has introduced a proposition which says: "You may do just what you please, provided you give us political power and let the negro vote." They introduced a proposition the other day, in which they said, "If you will give up the right to fifteen or sixteen members of Congress, you may do what you please. We do not care anything about negro rights or negro suffrage."

The proposition now is, if you will let the negro vote that will leave us a chance to continue our political power. That is about as near the substance of the proposition as I can state it. [A voice—"It is near enough."]

Do you know [illegible] the greatest stake in the world? [illegible] they will hold these people as a conquered people. What do you want to do with them? If you were a monarchy or an aristocracy, you might find it to your advantage, but as a republic will you be any better off for it? Is not the thought itself wicked and atrocious if it were possible of execution? The inhabitants of those States are of our blood, of our kith, and kin. They are your cousins, your brothers, your friends, your relations, and do you suppose they can be held long as a conquered people? In this war, when we were right and they were wrong, what a terrible struggle it was. Did you not have misgivings as to the result up even to the day? Then, when it happens that they are right and you are wrong which side will God be on?

Gentlemen, we must conciliate, restore and harmonize those people. We must forget our difference in the past and endeavor to live in peace and harmony as one people. I say it is the greatest stake for which any people ever struggled. This is the greatest Republic the world has ever seen by far, if we can maintain it in its integrity. Do you suppose we would be in the smallest danger from France, England, or any other nation if we are restored and stand together as brethren and American citizens? Not a particle. But let the Potomac river be the dividing line that shall cut off eleven States from the Union, deprive them of their rights, and will they fight for you? When the time comes, and the time may come to-morrow, who will they fight for to-day if there is trouble? Will it be for the radical? ["No no."] I tell you, gentlemen, there is one man in this nation who is the great bond of Union, and that is your President. [Great enthusiasm.]

They will fight for him; and why? Simply because when they were conquered he treated them as a generous man would. He did not kick and cuff and abuse them. He said it is all over. Let us be friends and have more sense next time. That is the proper way to do. It is the only way frank, honest, liberal, human men, would treat a fallen foe. Suppose you treat them otherwise, and a war with England or France should occur, they would keep the blockade open; and if they fought against us, where would this Union be? They have half a million of as good fighting men as there are in the world, and could we go into a war with such an odds? Would not our soldiers say: We have conquered these people once; have brought them back into the Union, and if we bring them back again, will you be any nearer a settlement after another war than now? I cannot see how you could carry on another war under these circumstances. The dictates of wisdom are that you admit them at once; that you take them back and let us have one common republic once more, the greatest, as I have said, upon which the sun ever shone.

Now, fellow-citizens, I have addressed you longer than I intended. An old fellow—a Greek, I believe—once said that a great many people could commence a speech, but very few could end one. I thank you for your kind and respectful attention. I have great hopes when I look over this half acre or more of upturned faces that we will yet save the Union; that we will yet see this great Republic I have described preserved for the future. I am proud to say to you that, according to my best judgment, your present President is the man for the work. [Applause.]—Trust him, and he will not fail you.—He will do the work quietly and gentlemanly, as a man and a gentleman should do.

The Senator retired, greeted by the prolonged cheering of the audience.

The Memphis Riot.

Correspondence Cincinnati Gazette (Radical.)

THE SECOND DAY.

MEMPHIS, May 2.—The riot was resumed this morning, and continued with much fury until noon, with consequences equally as disastrous as those of yesterday. Before daylight a crowd of some five hundred negroes attempted to gain admission to the fort and secure the arms in the arsenal, but were finally met by the commanding officer who threatened them with grape and canister if they did not instantly disperse, when they immediately retired. General rioting commenced about 9 o'clock, beginning by the declaration of a negro in a low groggery that every d—d white man in the city would be killed before the cessation of hostilities, which declaration reaching the ears of several white men, resulted in the violent death of the negro. Then the war began in earnest. Startling rumors reached the business portion of the city, and citizens arming themselves with all sorts of weapons, rushed frantically in crowds to the scene of the riot, breaking into gun and pistol stores as they went, and appropriating all the arms they could find. They were followed by the sheriff's force, the police force, firemen and a posse, organized and armed by the Mayor. South street was again the battle ground. Here the negroes had collected to the number of at least 1,500, bearing aloft a black flag as their standard, and hollooing, yelling and firing in every direction. Most of them were discharged soldiers, still wearing their uniforms, and were armed with muskets. The citizens charged on them, pouring in a volley of shot at the same time, which caused the negroes to run, leaving some 15 or 20 of their brethren dead and wounded on the ground. The return fire killed one citizen and mortally wounded two others. The advantage was pressed and the negroes were driven helterskelter beyond the city limits, scattering in every direction. Various rumors are afloat as to the number killed, but it cannot be less than fifteen. I have positive knowledge of eight. I could not learn the names of the torch was applied to several negroes' dwellings, which are now a mass of smoking ruins. The white troops finally succeeded in stopping the riot, and all is now quiet with the exception of occasional firing in the suburbs. Violence to peaceable negroes has ceased. But very few make their appearance on the streets.

Most of the black rioters are skulking beyond the city limits, and the white troops, of whom there are only two companies, are disarming them as rapidly as possible.

Some fear an outbreak to-night, but I think the riot is at an end, as the negroes have been badly worsted, and there is not much disposition to molest them while they conduct themselves properly, although the firemen and police are much incensed over the death of their comrades killed yesterday, and are prevented with difficulty from wreaking further vengance on the blacks.

HOW THE ABOLITIONISTS KEEP THEIR PROMISES TO THE SOLDIERS.—Major George B. Halstead, a gallant soldier, who last fall stumped New Jersey, from Sussex to Cape May, for the election of Marcus L. Ward for Governor, is out in a letter, bitterly denouncing Ward, as unfaithful to his pledges, "to appoint Soldiers to positions of profit and trust." He shows that every position in the gift of the Governor, to which there is any salary attached, has been filled by stay at home politicians, to the exclusion of soldiers equally as well qualified. He names particularly the offices of Private Secretary, Clerk of the Supreme Court, and Secretary of State. The Legislature last winter passed an Act, authorizing the Governor to appoint some suitable person to write the military history of New Jersey, and Mr. Halstead charges that the Governor promised the position to a civilian "before the ink was dry, with which his name was written to the bill," and soldiers were told to stand to one side.

WOMAN, an essay on grace in one volume, elegantly bound.

KEEP the eyes wide open before marriage and half shut afterwards.

IT has been asked, when rain falls does it ever get up again? Of course it does, in dew time.

A YANKEE has just taught ducks to swim in hot water with such success that they lay boiled eggs.

WHY is a dog lying with his nose to his tail, an emblem of economy? Because he makes both ends meet.

"I AM glad this coffee don't owe me anything," said a book-keeper to his wife the other morning at breakfast. "Why?" was the response. "Because I don't believe it would ever settle."

NEVER look at the girls. They can't bear it; they regard it as an insult. They wear their feathers, furbelows, and frills, merely to gratify their mammas, that's all.

The Bedford Gazette.

Friday Morning.....May 25, 1866.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR,

Hon. HIESTER CLYMER,

OF BERKS COUNTY.

THE CLIMBER.

A Campaign Paper.

The undersigned propose to publish a campaign paper to be entitled "The Climber," the first number of which will be issued on the 4th of July next, and continued until the Gubernatorial election in October.

This publication will be devoted to the support of President Johnson's Restoration Policy and the election of such candidates as are openly in favor of sustaining that policy. It will contain sixteen columns of matter and will be filled with racy editorials and the spiciest articles of the campaign. No conservative politician should be without it.

TERMS:

Ten copies to one address, cash in advance, $5 00
Twenty " " " " " 8.00
Less than ten copies to one address; 60 cts per copy.

Get up your clubs and send in your orders at once. No attention paid to any order unless accompanied by the cash. Persons getting up clubs should be particular to specify in their orders the name of the person to whom they wish the package addressed, as all the papers in the club will be sent to one person for distribution. Address,

MEYERS & MENGEL,
Bedford, Pa.

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY CONVENTION.

The Democratic County Convention will meet in this place, on Tuesday, June 19th, for the purpose of nominating a County ticket and transacting such other business as may properly come before it. This body is sovereign so far as the affairs of the Democratic party in this county are concerned. To it has been solemnly delegated the power to do what in its wisdom it may deem best for the success of the party, so far as that success is constructed by the people. It will, therefore, be the duty of the Convention to act with the greatest possible prudence and with entire fairness and honesty, in all that it may undertake to do. In order that this duty may be fully performed, the best men in the party should be elected as delegates. Let it be seen to that no weak or vacillating men be sent to the Convention. Let men be chosen as delegates who will not violate their instructions from the people. This point being secure, there can be no room for complaint, or coolness, on the part of defeated candidates. In fact, there must be no such coolness. The present is a time when Democrats cannot afford to be cool. Every candidate announced for nomination, pledges himself to abide by the decision of the Democratic County Convention, and this implies not merely that he will vote the ticket nominated, but that he will do his duty as a Democrat to assist in electing it. To this he has pledged his honor as a man. We make these remarks not for the benefit of any one man, but for Democrats generally. Our experience in the past is warning for the future.

IT appears that our friend Thomas Hughes, Esq., one of the Deputy Assessors of Internal Revenue for this county, is published as one of the vice presidents of the Disunion meeting held in this place, on Tuesday evening of last Court week, at which a resolution was passed which declared that "in the passage of the Civil Rights Bill, over the veto of President Johnson, we find the highest proof of their (Congress') fidelity to the glorious principles of Republican government," &c. Of course, Mr. Hughes, being an office-holder under President Johnson, had no lot, or part in a meeting that would pass such a resolution. In order to give him an opportunity to repel the foul aspersion upon his Johnsonian principles, we have thought it proper to call his attention to the publication of his name as above stated.

CLYMER is the word! We must climb over the Disunion breast-works at the coming election. The "Campaign Climber" will show you how to do it.

THE Indiana *Democrat*, published by our friend, J. B. Sansom, Esq., is offered for sale; also, the Ebensburg *Sentinel*. The Johnstown *Democrat* has been enlarged. It is a spicy and able paper.

CAN YOU SWALLOW THEM?

The so-called "Republican" meeting, which was held at the Court House, on Tuesday evening of last Court week, passed some resolutions which certainly cannot be swallowed by many "Republicans" in this county, and must go down like a dose of Limerick fish-hooks with quite a number of others. We quote two of them, as reported by Col. John H. Filler, and adopted by the meeting:

Resolved, That the Union Republican party of Bedford county, earnestly and cordially approve of the efforts of the *majority in Congress* in reconstructing the Government in accordance with the principles of civil liberty; that in the passage of the Civil Rights Bill, over the veto of President Johnson, we find the highest proof of their fidelity to the glorious principles of Republican Government, and are earnest that they will remain faithful to the end.

Resolved, That the recent report of the Joint Committee of Congress on Reconstruction affords a basis upon which all true and loyal men can unite; by which treason can be made odious and traitors punished, and States lately in rebellion restored to the Union at the earliest moment consistent with the peace and safety of the nation.

There you have it! Can you swallow aqua fortis, masticate sole leather, or digest India rubber? If you can, the above resolutions are suitable diet for your political stomach. Mark, the first resolution "earnestly and cordially approves of the efforts of the majority in Congress in reconstructing the Government in accordance with the principles of civil liberty." Now, in what do the "efforts of the majority in Congress" in reconstructing the Government consist? Every body knows that the "majority in Congress" voted to force *Negro Suffrage* upon the people of the District of Columbia. This is one of their "efforts in reconstructing the Government in accordance with the principles of civil liberty." They passed the infamous Freedmen's Bureau Bill, which was so odious that some of them who had voted for it, voted against passing it over the President's veto and it failed to become a law. This is another of the aforesaid "efforts." They also passed the Civil Rights Bill, which makes blacks and whites equal 'before the law.' "Effort" number three of the faithful majority in Congress. Finally they rushed through the lower house, the report of the Committee of Fifteen, which provides indirectly for *Negro Suffrage*, and *which declares the Union dissolved until* 1870! This is the grand climacteric of the tremendous "efforts of the majority in Congress to reconstruct the Government in accordance with the principles of civil liberty!"

Is there really a respectable "Republican," outside of the chronic Abolitionists, who assume to rule the party, that endorses the resolutions we have quoted? We know many "Republicans" who have persistently declared that they would cease acting with their party whenever it committed itself to *Negro Suffrage*, or the *Equality of the Races*. If such men can now endorse the resolutions reported by Col. Filler and adopted by the late "Republican" meeting, they must eat their own words and acknowledge that, after all, their political action does not depend so much upon their word of honor, or upon their honest belief as to what is right, as upon what their leaders in Bedford tell them they must do. Why, the resolutions referred to, commit the Republican party of Bedford county *squarely and unequivocally to a full endorsement of the action of Congress in voting to force Negro Suffrage upon the District of Columbia*. Nay, what is worse, they pledge the Republican party of Bedford county, *to Disunion—to a dissolution of the Union until* 1870! This is not mere inference. *It is fact*. Let "Republicans" read the resolutions of which we speak, and then let them look at the proceedings of Congress during the past five months and say whether we do not tell "the truth, the whole truth and nothing but the truth."

HARD UP, indeed, are the Disunionists, for something to crow over. Disaster after disaster has befallen them, until they snatch at the very smallest crumb of comfort imaginable. It seems that Williamsport, in this State, has elected the Disunion ticket by 129 majority. This is heralded abroad as a Disunion gain of 200!! But the telegraph fails to tell the public, that since the last election, Williamsport has been erected into a city, the old borough limits being extended so as to take in a large voting population which has always given immense anti-Democratic majorities. The truth is that the Democrats gained largely in this election, their majority in the old borough wards being 173, the Disunion Abolition ticket having had a majority in the same wards last fall. So much for this little crumb of consolation to the Disunionists.

CIRCULATE the truth! The "Campaign Climber" will be an indispensable document during the approaching campaign. Our friends throughout the county are respectfully requested to get up clubs for it.

THE NEW ATTITUDE OF PARTIES.

A complete change has taken place in the views of the leaders of the so-called "Republican" party. We leave it to the candor of every "Republican" who may chance to read this article, whether he did not always understand his party to hold

1. *That a State cannot lawfully secede from the Union.*

2. *That it is the duty of the Government to put down rebellion so that States taken out of the Union by force, may be restored to their places in the Union.*

Was this not lately the doctrine of the "so-called "Union" party? It cannot be denied that it was. Now, then, if "a State cannot lawfully secede from the Union;" how comes it that a "Republican" Congress regards eleven States which tried to secede, as lawfully out of the Union? Is this not a complete change of front? Originally "Republicans" told us that a State cannot lawfully secede; now they tell us that eleven States did secede and are, in the eye of the law, out of the Union! Again, in accordance with their former theory that "it is the duty of the Government to put down rebellion, so that States taken out of the Union by force, may be restored to their places in the Union," the rebellion in the eleven Southern States has been put down, yet the "Republican" Congress does not regard those States as restored to the Union. Strange tergiversation! "The war," said our "Republican" doctors, "is waged to restore the Union: if our armies whip the rebels, its restoration will be achieved." But now we are told by many who formerly taught us this doctrine, that the Union is not restored; in other words, that the object for which they declared the war was waged, has not been attained. How clear, then, is it that the "Republican" Congress has abandoned the platform of the late "Union" party and that they have fallen back upon the original position of such Abolitionists as Garrison, Phillips, Banks and Greely, who time and again declared that they were willing to "let the Union slide!" President Johnson, Secretary Seward, and those who think with them, still stand upon the Union platform; but Sumner, Wilson, Wade and Stevens, and their followers, have returned to their first and true love, *Disunion*. We make this statement with all possible solemnity and earnestness. *It is the God's truth!*—On the other hand the Democratic party stands upon the platform of the Constitution, where it has always stood, and thus it stands, also, upon the Stevens and company, but still occupied by President Johnson; for the Constitution is the bond of the Union and the two are convertible terms. These are facts which none dare dispute. Such is the true attitude of parties. Will intelligent, patriotic and upright men change front with Stevens, Sumner and their confreres, or will they be consistent and stand where they stood with Andrew Johnson during the war, against the lawfulness of Secession and for a restored Union?

TAXES! TAXES! TAXES!

What a bargain the people made in 1860, when they swopped Democratic rule for Disunion Abolition slavery! Before that pitiful mistake, no one knew what a Federal Tax-Collector looked like, or what it was to write on stamped paper. But now, says the Crawford *Democrat*, there are certain taxes to be paid annually—taxes every month—taxes every week—taxes every day—taxes in the morning—taxes at noon—taxes in the evening—taxes every hour—taxes every minute—taxes on all that is worn—taxes on all that is eaten—taxes on all that is drunk—taxes on what you consume—taxes on houses—taxes on land—taxes on horses—taxes on cows—taxes on sheep—taxes on hogs—taxes on ducks—taxes on the child as it comes into the world—taxes on every class and condition in life—taxes on the last stroke of the hammer that drives the last nail into the coffin of the dead—taxes on the shroud that envelopes the lifeless body—and taxes on the very grave itself, that is free from all intrusion, save the remorseless grasp of Radical taxation. We were taxed to set the negro free, and are now taxed to feed and clothe and educate him in his state of freedom. Taxed to make paper money, and then taxed to pay the loss when bank officers steal Government funds. If a man makes $500 a year, he pays that much in taxes—if he makes $1,000 the result is the same. White men now live and labor to pay taxes. This is what the so-called *Republican* party has done for the country. Surely, every man ought to vote for the candidates of such a party!

GENS. FULLERTON AND STEEDMAN, appointed by the President to investigate the workings of the Freedmen's Bureau have made a report which ought to startle every man with a soul in him. We will publish it in our next.

SOMETHING ROTTEN DENMARK.

If every thing is gg on smoothly in the camp of our pical opponents, as some of the optints among them would have us believ what is the reason that the Presidand his Cabinet can no longer act in cert with them? How is it that SEWD, the founder of the so-called "Reblican" party, STANTON, the "dive" minister of war, BLAIR, Lincoln Postmaster General, BATES, Lincoln Attorney General, COWAN, "Repuican" U. S. Senator from Pennsylvia, DOOLITTLE, "Republican" U. S. nator from Wisconsin, DIXON, "Rublican" U. S. Senator from Conndicut, DIX, the immorial Major Genel to whom Stanton was wont to sendelegraphic despatches; how is it th these and innumerable worthies of ss note, such as Gov. Swann, of Maland, Ex. Gov. Johnston, of this Sta. Ex. U. S. Senator Browning, of Ihois, and others, are in deadly and implacable hostility to the schemes of Tddeus Stevens, Charles Sumner and ie other leaders of the "Republican" arty as at present constituted? It cant be that these men, the bone and sinew of the late "Union" party, hav divided from their recent coadjutors, without just cause. Surely there must be "something" rotten in the State of Denmark;" and we opine it does not require a very keen scent to smell it ut. Why, the newspapers of the dy are nauseous with accounts of the orruption that boils and bubbles in th body politic. When the present incumbent of the White House entered it he found it despoiled of furniture and pluables of every description. Even he Presidential chair was not inviolabl in the eyes of the thieves that so long had battened upon the hearts' blood of the people. But this is as nothing compared with the gigantic schemes of plunder hatched in open day, within the halls of Congress. It is a mere bagatelle in comparison wid the Satanic plot to govern eleven States as conquered territory, so that the lands in those States might fal into the hands of New England adventurers; so that the negroes could be managed by agents of the Freedmen's Bureau, who compel the former to labor upon plantations, saw-mills, and the like, run by these agents for their own use, or that of New England speculators; so that the millions appropriated by Congress for the support of the Bureau might continue to go into the pockets of these same agents, as salaries. Aside from the leveling doctrines of the present leaders [illegible] frauds and unutterably infamous corruption for which they are answerable, especially the Disunion plot for continuing power and patronage in the hands of their adherents, are quite sufficient to drive honest men away from them. Is it any wonder, then, that the President and his Cabinet and their friends throughout the Union, have cut loose from them?

NEGRO SUFFRAGE FOR THE TERRITORIES.—The Rump House, says the Reading *Gazette*, on Tuesday passed a bill to amend the organic acts of the Territories of Nebraska, Colorado, Dacota, Montana, Washington, Idaho, Arizona, Utah and New Mexico, the ninth section of which provides:

That within the Territories aforesaid, there shall be no denial of the elective franchise to citizens of the United States because of race or color, and all persons shall be equal before the law. And all acts or parts of acts, either of Congress or of the legislative assemblies of the Territories aforesaid, inconsistent with the provisions of this act, are hereby declared null and void.

The bill was passed by a vote of 79 yeas to 43 nays—all the Democrats, of course, and half a dozen Republicans only, voting against it. By their votes on this measure, the Radicals stand committed, openly and squarely, in favor of the obnoxious principle of negro equality. If the people choose to support them in it, they will next find Sambo declared a legal voter in the States also, as well as the Territories.

THE Franklin *Repository* says, Gen. Knipe has been elected a delegate to the "*Geary* Soldiers' Convention," which is to meet at Pittsburg. So this Convention, to which the soldiers irrespective of party, are requested to send delegates, is to be a *Geary* concern! Well, if that kind of a game is to be played upon the soldiers, the *Repository* will hear in due time from Gen. Knipe and the soldiers who "vote as they shot"—for the Union, not for the negro. Have a care, Disunionists!

A GREAT Johnson meeting was held in Philadelphia, on Saturday night last. Speeches were made by U. S. Senators Cowan, Doolittle and Norton, and by Gen. Green Clay Smith, of Kentucky, and Col. J. R. Flanigen, of Philadelphia, all "Republicans." The soldiers of Philadelphia are also raising Johnson clubs, and a Johnson party is being formed by the "Republicans" in every ward. There is a rattling among the dry bones, mark our word.

BEDFORD COUNTY ABROAD.

The resolutions adopted at our late county meeting are receiving the most flattering commendations from our brethren of the press. Even away out in Ohio they admire the tone and temper of Bedford county, as witness the following from the Hancock *Courier*, edited by Lewis Glessner, Esq.:

TO THE POINT.—At a meeting of the Democracy, and other Union men, of Bedford county, Pa., the following pointed and admirable resolution was passed:

Resolved, That we are for the *whole Union*, as our fathers established it, as our soldiers fought for it, and as the patriot Andrew Johnson is now striving to restore it; and we hold all men as enemies of the Union and traitors to the Government, who believe in a dissevered country and mutilated flag; a country such as Thaddeus Stevens and the Radicals in Congress would make for us, with *eleven States stricken from the Republic*, a flag with *eleven stars blotted out of the constellation*.

That expresses our views fully, and we heartily endorse it in every line and word.

WE respectfully request the Democratic vigilance committees in the several election districts of this county, to take subscriptions for the "Campaign Climber." Each district can surely raise $20. Let the matter be presented to the attention of the Democratic voters at the Delegate elections.

IN quite a number of townships in this county, Democratic clubs were formed last winter. Are they being kept open? Regular monthly meetings should be held by each of these clubs and new members should be added whenever they can be obtained. Bedford county can easily give 600 majority for Clymer, if the friends of the Right exert themselves. Our political opponents are so clearly in the wrong at present, that we should have no difficulty in swelling our ranks with recruits from their organization. Besides, they are divided and distracted by the irreconcilable differences between the President and Congress. Now is the time to work. Put on the harness and let us all pull together.

EVERY township in this county should have a package of fifty copies of the "Campaign Climber" distributed weekly among its people. The sum of $20 will get the fifty copies. What district cannot raise that sum for so laudable a purpose?

READ the great speech of Senator Cowan, printed on our first page. Why don't the "Republican" papers publish some of Cowan's speeches? He is their Senator and sticks to the platform upon which he was e[illegible]. They call him hard names, but they will not let him be heard in his own defence. How can "Republicans" judge whether Cowan is right or wrong, when they are not permitted to read what he says?

"THE CLIMBER."—Our friends, Meyers & Mengel, of the Bedford (Pa.) GAZETTE, will publish a new campaign paper under the above title, commencing July 4th. Single copies 60 cents, ten copies for $5.00, twenty copies for $10. It will be an able and interesting little sheet. Send for copies. —*Indiana Democrat*.

THANK you, Bro. Sansom! Please correct, however, and say that twenty copies of "The Climber" will be sent to one address for $8, instead of $10, as printed in the *Democrat*.

THE Democrats and Johnson men of Somerset county, held a large convention in Somerset and nominated an excellent ticket for county officers. Hon. A. H. Coffroth was unanimously recommended by the convention for renomination for Congress.

THE "Campaign Climber" will be ready for distribution to subscribers by the fourth of July, next. Only 40 cents per copy to clubs of twenty and upwards. Send in your orders.

GREAT JOHNSON MEETING IN PHILADELPHIA.

Speeches by Senators Cowan and Doolittle.

PHILADELPHIA, May 19.—The Academy of Music was crowded to night to its fullest extent by an enthusiastic audience of ladies and gentlemen, to listen to speeches by Senators Cowan and Doolittle in support of President Johnson. Henry Simons, Esq., occupied the chair. Senator Doolittle after treating the subject of the rebellion and the present issue before the country, declared that the man who denied the Union of the States under the Constitution, is himself a disunionist. (Enthusiastic applause.) He refuted the many calumnies that had been raised against the personal character of the President, and expressed his firm belief that no man living, was more assiduously and conscientiously engaged in the discharge of his duty to his country than Andrew Johnson. (Loud Applause.) He illustrated the policy of President Lincoln in the reconstruction of Louisiana and Arkansas; its admission into the Union, which policy had been endorsed at the Baltimore Convention, and by a majority in both Houses of Congress a year ago, to show that the policy of President Johnson was not a new one, but that it was in obedience to the wishes of the Union party. Instead of the President proving false, the men who were now leading the Union party were perverting its grand objects and intentions, the restoration of the Union and the enforcement of the laws.

Senator Cowan followed in an eloquent argument in defence of sustaining the law, by virtue of which the rebellion had been crushed. The President's plan of reconstruction relied alone upon the authority of the Constitution, the law of the land.—(Cheers.) If the Southern people had not forgotten their obedience to the Constitution, there would have been no rebellion. He was opposed to any amendment of the Constitution at the present time. (Great and continued applause.) As endorsers of the President's policy, he would mention Seward, Stanton, Welles, Grant, Sherman, Meade, Hancock and others.—(Vociferou cheering.) On the other hand, in opposition, he placed the names of Stevens, Butler and others. (Mingled hisses and slight applause.)

In conclusion, Mr. Cowan said that his hope was in the virtue and integrity of the people, both North and South. The Southern people had suffered severely, and now was the time to extend mercy after they had surrendered to the law.

After other speeches by distinguished gentlemen, the meeting adjourned.

CONGRESSIONAL NEWS.

SENATE.—The Committee on Commerce reported the bill regulating the transportation of nitro-glycerine, with amendments, which were agreed to, and the bill was passed. One of the provisions of this bill makes it manslaughter, to be punished by not less than five years imprisonment, to ship this compound secretly on board a vessel when accidents occur by it. A joint resolution was passed to appoint examiners to inspect the site near Portland, Maine, with reference to its fitness as a fresh water basin for the United States iron clads. The bill to grant lands to aid in the construction of a railroad and telegraph line from the Central Pacific Railroad, in California, to Portland, Oregon, was passed with amendments. The Senate then resumed the consideration of the Consular and Diplomatic Appropriation bill, the question being on an amendment increasing the salary of the Chief Clerk in the Department of State. After a long disgussion the amendment was withdrawn. Several other amendments were then disposed of, and the bill was passed. It now goes to the House for concurrence. The bill making appropriations for the support of the Military Academy at West Point was then taken up. An amendment was passed providing that no part of the money appropriated by this act shall be expended for the support of any cadet from any Southern State until that State has been received into the Union under the joint resolution reported from the Joint Committee on Reconstruction. After a long discussion an amendment was passed declaring that no person who has ever served in any capacity in the Confederate army shall ever be appointed a cadet at this institution. The bill was then passed. The Senate then adjourned.

HOUSE.—A message was received from the President announcing that he had signed several bills, and also a message transmitting a letter from the Secretary of War, enclosing a communication from Lieutenant Gen. Grant, recommending an increase of the regular army of the United States. A bill authorizing a metric system of weights was reported from the Committee on Coinage and Weights. It was passed. A joint resolution was agreed to authorizing the appointment of a commissioner to negociate with foreign Governments for the establishment of a unit system of money. A bill to secure a uniform system of bankruptcy was reported from the committee on that subject. The Senate resolution extending the time to eight months in which the reports of the Supreme Court of the United States may make their decisions was passed. The Senate resolution to extend the time for the completion of the Western Pacific Railroad was taken up and passed. The House, as in Committee of the Whole, resumed the consideration of that portion of the Tax bill relating to tax on licenses. No amendment of any importance was made, and without finally disposing of this section, the House adjourned.

SENATE.—Mr. Sumner presented the petition of a certain John J. Varrannes, asking that Mr. Davis be tried by a court martial instead of a civil tribunal. Mr. Sumner also stated that in his (Mr. S.'s) opinion the trial of Mr. Davis by a jury at Richmond "would be one of those comedies that would excite the derision of the world." The petition was referred to the Committee on Military Affairs. The Senate receded from its amendment to the House bill, providing for the holding of the United States Courts at Richmond, Virginia, which amendment struck out the clause allowing the Chief Justice to hold special terms of the court. The bill supplementary to the act relating to pensions was taken up. Several amendments were agreed to, and the bill passed.

HOUSE.—The Committee on Public Lands was instructed to inquire whether any plan can be devised, by granting donations of lands, to encourage the planting of trees in the interior portions of the United States now destitute of timber. The Senate bill providing for the punishment of kidnapping was passed. A bill was passed annulling the thirty fourth section of the Maryland Bill of Rights, so far as it applies to the District of Columbia.—The section annulled prohibits bequests to religious societies. The House took up the contested election case of Follett vs. Delano, of the Thirteenth Ohio District. A resolution declaring Mr. Delano entitled to the seat was passed without a division. A resolution was then passed to pay Mr. Follett fifteen hundred dollars for money expended in this case. The House, as in Committee of the Whole, resumed the consideration of the Tax bill. A bill to equalize the bounties of sailors and soldiers was reported from the Committee on Military Affairs and referred to the Committee of the Whole on the the State of the Union.

Votes the Way he Shot.

The writer of the following pithy letter, who is vouched for as a Republican soldier by the Waynesburg (Greene co.,) *Messenger*, is evidently a man of sense:

For the Messenger.

COL. JENNINGS: Will you grant a Republican soldier room in your paper for a very short article? I merely wish to notice an admonition in the last Greene Co. *Republican*, and to assure the editor that his advice is good, and and I believe will be very generally followed by the soldiers of the county. The editor says:

"To those who have borne the blunt, vote the way you shot."

Now, Mr. Editor, we *shot for the Union and not for the negro*, and we intend to *vote for the Union and not for the negro*. This is all I have to say at present. A REPUBLICAN SOLDIER.

REVIEW OF THE MARKETS.

PITTSBURG, May 22.—Flour, Extra Family, $12,50@$13.00; Spring Wheat, 10.85@11.00. Grain, market steady. Wheat, Michigan, 2.28. Oats 52@58. Corn, 85@90. Rye, 95. Potatoes 3.75 @4.25 per bbl. Butter 20@24.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

All notices under this head must be pre-paid to insure insertion. The following are the rates:—Prothonotary, $5.00; Sheriff $3.00; Associate Judge and Commissioner, $2.00; Poor Director and Auditor, $1.00. Tickets will be printed at $1.00 per thousand, when not less than one thousand are desired

SHERIFF.

MR. EDITOR:—Please announce A. J. SANSOM, of Bedford borough, as a candidate for Sheriff, subject to the decision of the Democratic county convention.

EDITOR GAZETTE:—Please announce ISAAC D. EARNEST, of Bedford township, as a candidate for Sheriff, subject to the decision of the Democratic county convention.

MR. EDITOR:—Please announce WM. KEYSER, of Juniata township, as a candidate for Sheriff, subject to the decision of the Democratic county convention.

MR. MEYERS:—Please announce D. L. DEFIBAUGH, of Bedford township, as a candidate for Sheriff, subject to the decision of the Democratic county convention.

We are authorized to announce ROBERT STECKMAN, of Bloody Run, as a candidate for the office of Sheriff, subject to the decision of the Democratic county convention.

MR. EDITOR:—Please announce THOMAS C. REIGHARD, of Union tp., as a candidate for the office of Sheriff, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention.

EDITOR GAZETTE:—You are authorized to announce HUGH MOORE, of Bedford tp., as a candidate for Sheriff, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention.

We are authorized to announce GEO. W. HORN, of Harrison tp., as a candidate for Sheriff, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention.

We are authorized to announce HENRY FLUKE, of Middle Woodberry township, as a candidate for Sheriff, subject to the decision of the Democratic county convention.

MR. EDITOR:—Please announce GEO. STEEL, of Hopewell township, as a candidate for sheriff, subject to the nomination of the Democratic county convention.

We are authorized to announce JOHN C. FIGARD, Broadtop twp., as a candidate for Sheriff, subject to the decision of the Democratic county convention.

ASSOCIATE JUDGE.

MR. EDITOR:—Please announce F. D. BEEGLE, of St. Clair tp., as a suitable person for the office of Associate Judge, subject to the nomination of the Democratic County Convention.

We are authorized to announce GEO. SMOUSE, Jr., of Snake Spring tp., as a candidate for Associate Judge, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention.

We are authorized to announce JOSEPH SELLERS, of Bedford township, as a candidate for Associate Judge, subject to the decision of the Democratic county convention.

MR. EDITOR:—Please announce GEORGE W. GUMP, of Napier township, as a candidate for Associate Judge, subject to the decision of the Democratic county convention.

We are authorized to announce JOHN C. BLACK, of Bloody Run, as a candidate for Associate Judge, subject to the decision of the Democratic county convention

COMMISSIONER.

MR. EDITOR:—Please announce Joseph Souser, of Napier township, as a candidate for Commissioner, subject to the decision of the Democratic county convention.

We are authorized to announce John S. Brumbaugh, of S. Woodberry township, as a candidate for Commissioner, subject to the decision of the Democratic county convention.

We are authorized to announce David Howsare, of Southampton township, as a candidate for the office of County Commissioner, subject to the decision of the Democratic county convention.

We are authorized to announce Jonathan Bowser, of Colerain township, as a candidate for Commissioner, subject to the decision of the Democratic county convention.

We are authorized to announce Daniel P. Beegle, of St. Clair township, as a candidate for Commissioner, subject to the decision of the Democratic county convention.

POOR DIRECTOR.

We are authorized to announce HENRY MOSES, of Bedford tp., as a candidate for the office of Poor Director, subject to the nomination of the Democratic County Convention.

MR. EDITOR:—Announce the name of Isaac Grazier, of Napier township, as a candidate for the office of Director of the Poor, subject to the decision of the Democratic county convention.

We are authorized to announce Michael Diehl, of Colerain township, as a candidate for Poor Director, subject to a nomination from the Democratic county convention.

We are authorized to announce the name of Simon Brumbaugh, of Middle Woodberry township, as a candidate for Poor Director, subject to the decision of the Democratic county convention.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Cholera, Diarrhœa, and Dysentery!—A cure is warranted by Dr. Tobias' celebrated Venitian Liniment, if used when taken by persons [illegible] habits. THIS Medicine has been known in the United States over 20 years. Thousands have used it, and found it never failed to cure any complaint for which it was recommended and all those who first tried it, are now never without it. In the Cholera of 1848, Dr. Tobias attended 40 cases and lost 4, being called in too late to do any good.

Directions.—Take a teaspoonful in a wine-glass of water every half hour for two hours, and rub the abdomen and extremities well with Liniment. To allay the thirst, take a lump of ice in the mouth, about the size of a marble every ten minutes. It is warranted perfectly innocent to take internally. Sold by all druggists, price 40 and 80 cents. Depot, 56 Courtlandt st., New York.
may11,'66.—1m

A Single Box of Brandreth's Pills contains more vegetable extractive matter than twenty boxes of any pills in the world beside; fifty-five hundred physicians use them in their practice to the exclusion of other purgatives. The first letter of their value is yet scarcely appreciated. When they are better known, sudden death and continued sickness will be of the past. Let those who know them speak right out in their favor. It is a duty which will save life.

Our race are subject to a redundancy of vitiated bile at this season, and it is as dangerous as it is prevalent; but Brandreth's Pills afford an invaluable and efficient protection. By their occasional use we prevent the collection of those impurities which, when in sufficient quantities, cause so much danger to the body's health. They soon cure Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Loss of Appetite, Pain in Head, Heartburn, Pain in the Breast-bone, Sudden Faintness and Costiveness. Sold by all respectable Dealers in Medicines. [may11,'66.—1m.

DEAD HEADS, or, in other words, heads whose once glorious locks have

Withered and Whitened,

can in a few moments be re-clothed with all their

Youthful Attractions,

by a single application of that wonderful talisman

Cristadoro's Hair Dye.

Grizzled whiskers and moustaches, ladies' curls, into which the snow of age has prematurely drifted, and red, sandy, or whitey-brown hair, receive, as if by magic, the rarest shades of black or brown from this harmless botanical hair darker. Manufactured by J. CRISTADORO, 6 Astor House, New York. Sold by Druggists. Applied by all Hair Dressers. may11,'66.—1 o.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.—The advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks by a very simple remedy, after having suffered for several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease, Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure CURE for CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, COUGHS COLDS, and all Throat and Lung Affections. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing.

Parties wishing the prescription, FREE, by return mail, will please address

REV. EDWARD A. WILSON,
Williamsburgh, Kings Co., New York.
Jan. 5, '66—1y.

ERRORS OF YOUTH.—A Gentleman who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the recipe and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertisers experience, can do so by addressing

JOHN B. OGDEN,
No. 13 Chambers St., New York.
Jan. 5, 66—1y.

STRANGE, BUT TRUE.—Every young lady and gentleman in the United States can hear something very much to their advantage by return mail (free of charge,) by addressing the undersigned. Those having fears of being humbugged will oblige by not noticing this card. Others will please address their obedient servant,

THOS. F. CHAPMAN,
831 Broadway, New York.
Jan. 5, '66—1y.

The Bedford Gazette.

Local and Personal.

1865	Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wed'day	Th'rsday	Friday	Saturday
Jan.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
	29	30	31	...	...	...	...
Feb.	...	...	...	1	2	3	4
	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
	26	27	28	...	...	...	...
Mar.	...	...	...	1	2	3	4
	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
	26	27	28	29	30	31	...
Apr.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
	29	30	...	...	...	...	...
May	...	...	1	2	3	4	5
	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
	27	28	29	30	31	...	...
June	...	...	...	...	...	1	2
	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
	24	25	26	27	28	29	30

1866.	Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wed'day	Th'rsday	Friday	Saturday
July	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
	29	30	31	...	...	...	...
Aug.	...	...	...	...	1	2	3	4
	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
	26	27	28	29	30	31	...
Sept.	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
	30	...	...	...	...	...	...
Oct.	...	1	2	3	4	5	6
	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
	28	29	30	31	...	...	...
Nov.	...	...	...	...	...	1	2	3
	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
	25	26	27	28	29	30	...
Dec.	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
	30	31	...	...	...	...	...

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

The following Business Directory for the borough of Bedford and other places in the county, (*the advertisements appear in the columns of* THE GAZETTE,) may be of service to our friends and patrons in the county, and is commended to their attention:

ATTORNEYS AT LAW—G. H. Spang; J. P. Reed; J. W. Tate; John Palmer; E. F. Kerr; Woodcock & Lutz; Espy M. Alsip; John T. Hall & J. H. Filler; Kimmell & Lingenfelter, Ross & Dickerson, Bedford, Pa.

BANKERS—Reed & Schell; Rupp, Shannon & Co., Bedford, Pa.

BOOTS AND SHOES, VARIETIES, &c.—J. H. Tate; H. F. Irvine, Bedford, Pa.

BEDFORD NURSERIES—T. M. Lynch.

CABINET-WARE, CHAIRS, &c.—Richard Leo, Bedford, Pa.

CLOTHING—I. Lippel, Berkstresser & Smith, Bedford, Pa.

DRY-GOODS, GROCERIES, &c.—J. B. Fargahar; A. B. Cramer; J. M. Shoemaker; P. A. Reed; Defibaugh & Fisher, Bedford, Pa.

DENTISTRY—C. N. Hickok & J. G. Minnich, Bedford, Pa.

DRUGGIST—J. L. Lewis, Bedford, Pa.

FANCY STORES—Mrs. V. B. Tate & Miss M. Mrs. E. V. Mowry; Mrs. M. R. Schafer & Miss Kate Deal, Bedford, Pa.

HARDWARE, &c.—Wm. Hartley; Geo. Blymyer & Son, Bedford, Pa.

HOTELS—Bedford Hotel, J. J. Shoemaker; Bedford House, I. Mengel; Union Hotel, V. Steckman, Bedford, Pa.

JEWELER—Daniel Border, Bedford, Pa. John Reimund, Jeweler,

JOB PRINTERS—Meyers & Mengel, Bedford, Pa.—All kinds of Plain and Fancy Job Printing neatly and promptly executed.

PUMPS—Wm. C. Snively, Schellsburg, Pa.

PHYSICIANS—Dr. J. L. Marbourg, Bedford, Pa. Drs. W. W. Jamison and P. H. Pennsyl, Bloody Run, Pa.

PATENT MEDICINES—Shriner's Cough Syrup and Indian Vermifuge; Foutz's Mixture and Horse and Cattle Powder; Wheaton's Ointment; Helmbold's Extract of Buchu; Dr. Tobias' Venitian Liniment; Allcock's Porous Plasters; Christadoro's Hair Dye; Mishler's Herb Bitters.

REAL ESTATE SALES—
C. Resmer—private sale
T. & N. J. Lyons, Private Sale.
Jno Walter, Private,
C. Hickok, private sale.

STOVES, TINWARE, &c.—B. McC. Blymyer & Co., Bedford, Pa.

☞ Read the "New Advertisements" in this issue of THE GAZETTE.

☞ For Administrator's, Executor's, Auditor's Notices, &c., see "Legal Notices."

☞ Read the advertisements under the head of "Stores, &c."

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY CONVENTION.

The Democratic voters of Bedford County, are hereby requested to meet at their several election districts, on Saturday, the 16th day of June, for the purpose of electing two delegates from each election district in the county, which delegates will assemble at the Court House, in Bedford, on Tuesday, the 19th day of June, at 2 o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of placing in nomination a county ticket to be supported by the voters of Bedford county, at the next general election; the only test of the right to vote at such delegate election, to be qualification as a legal voter and sufficient assurance that the person offering to vote, will cast his vote for the Democratic nominees at the October election. At the same times and places, Vigilance Committees for the ensuing year will also be elected, the names of the persons chosen to be returned to the Chairman of the Democratic County Committee. The elections to open in the townships at 10 o'clock, A. M., and close at 4 P. M., and in the boroughs to open at 4 o'clock P. M., and close at 6 P. M.

E. F. KERR,
Ch'n Dem. Co. Com.

LOCAL LEGISLATION.—We publish below two important Acts of the Legislature affecting the interests of the people of this county. The Act relating to the licensing of hucksters, does not seem to be very palatable to our country friends.

AN ACT. In relation to huckstering in the counties of Bedford, Cumberland, Franklin, Fulton and York.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same:* That from and after the passage of this act, it shall not be lawful for any person or persons, to huckster, buy, barter for, within the limits of the counties of Bedford, Cumberland, Franklin, Fulton and York, with the intention to sell or dispose of to any person or persons outside of the said counties, respectively, butter, eggs, dried fruit, veal, chickens, turkeys, geese, or other poultry, without first taking an annual license from the treasurers of said counties respectively, which said license the said county treasurers are hereby authorized to grant all applicants upon the payment of the following sums of money, to wit: to per-sons residing within the county in which he or she or they make application for a license to huckster with one horse and wagon the sum of ten dollars, and for such license with two or more horses and wagons, the sum of fifteen dollars, and to persons residing without the county in which application is made for a license to huckster with one horse and wagon, the sum of fifty dollars, and for such license with two or more horses and wagons the sum of one hundred dollars. *Provided*, That the treasurer granting such license shall be entitled to the sum of three dollars for each license so granted, which shall be paid by the applicant at the time of receiving said license. *Provided further*, That nothing herein contained shall prevent merchants or store-keepers from disposing of or sending to market any where any produce, marketing or poultry mentioned in this act which has been taken in at their store or place of business, from persons producing the same. *And provided further*, That merchants or store-keepers using or employing a horse and wagon to gather up produce, marketing or poultry after the manner of hucksters, shall, in addition to the sum they are now required by law to pay for their licenses as merchants or store-keepers, pay fifty per centum of the amount fixed in this act for license to hucksters.

SECTION 2. Any person or persons violating any of the provisions of this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof, be sentenced to pay a fine of $50, one-half thereof for the use of the county in which such conviction was had, and the other one-half for the use of the informer: and in default of the payment of such a fine such person or persons shall undergo an imprisonment in the county jail of such county for a period not less than twenty nor more than thirty days.

AN ACT To prevent fishing with seines and to protect Bass fish in the Raystown Branch of the Juniata river and its tributaries.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same:* That from and after the passage of this act, it shall not be lawful for any person, or persons, to fish with seines in the waters of the Raystown Branch of the Juniata river and its tributaries, under such penalties as are hereafter provided.

SECTION 2. That it shall not be lawful for any person, or persons, to cause the destruction of Bass fish, in said waters, by reason of the erection of any dams or fish baskets or setting any dip or set nets, or by spearing or angling for said Bass fish for the period of five years from the passage of this act.

SECTION 3. That any person wilfully violating any of the provisions of this act, shall forfeit and pay the sum of ten dollars, for each and every offence, the same to be recovered before a justice of the peace, by an action of debt in the name of the Commonwealth with costs of suit, and to be appropriated to the school fund of the district in which the offence shall have been committed, and the prosecutor thereof is hereby made a competent witness upon the trial of said case.

BEDFORD COUNTY OIL.—We were shown, on Tuesday last, by Maj. G. W. Rupp, of this place, a bottle of oil obtained from the well at the foot of Dry Ridge. It has the smell of genuine petroleum and in color resembles the oil obtained on Oil Creek. The well is being sunk deeper, with fair prospects of additional strikes. The company have funds to sink it to the depth of 600 feet, and will raise a sufficient sum to put it down 1,000 feet, if necessary. We are glad to know that the company have the enterprise and energy to develop the oleaginous resources of our county and hope they may have abundant success.

THE Shaw & Clark Sewing Machine, advertised in this paper, is the best for the price we have ever seen. It costs only $25 and does just as good work as the higher priced machines. If our readers desire to buy a low priced, *and a good*, machine, we would recommend the Shaw & Clark.

DANCING SCHOOL.—Mr. G. Fouche' has opened a dancing school in this place. He comes recommended by G. W. Riggs and W. G. Freeman, of Washington, D. C., John Early, President of Georgetown College, and Gen. Paine, M. C. from Wisconsin. Parents are invited to attend the school.

THE WEATHER.—It almost "blows hot and cold in the same breath," now-a-days. On Sunday the weather was sweltering hot; on Monday and Tuesday, overcoats were in good demand. Bad for vegetation.

WE acknowledge our obligations to our friend, John Taylor, Esq., of Six Mile Run, for a copy of a late Glasgow (Scotland) paper. We have read it with much interest.

WE call attention to the advertisement of Mr. Isaac Lippel, who has on hand a large lot of clothing, coffee, sugar, &c., which he will sell very low. To all whom it may concern, we say, go and see.

CALL and see Irvine's Regulator.—You will find in that establishment the most prettily arranged case of perfumery you ever saw. It is really one of the wonders of Bedford.

CLOTHING EMPORIUM.—Mr. George Reimund advertises his new and cheap clothing store in this issue. He has goods to suit purchasers. Give him a call.

BERKSTRESSER & SMITH have just received a new stock of clothing, which they are determined to sell off at starvation prices. Call and see for yourselves.

HUTTON still continues to sell boots and shoes at low prices. He has just returned from the East with a fresh supply of goods. Don't forget him.

LADIES, J. L. Lewis has brought with him, from the East, Cedar Camphor, a sure preventive against moths.

PIANO, STOOL AND COVER FOR SALE.—The undersigned offers for sale a Piano, Stool and Cover for $35, or the Piano for $25, and the stool and cover for $10. Any one wishing a bargain, should call very soon.

C. N. HICKOK,
May 11-4t. Bedford, Pa.

THE French are rarely willing to admit that Parisian skill can be surpassed in the manufacture of articles of taste and luxury, and Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus" has been adopted by the leading French families here as superior to any of the floral extracts put up in Paris. Sold everywhere.

THE Presbyterian church, near St. Clairsville, will be dedicated to the worship of the Triune God, on Sunday, the 15th of June. The services will commence at 10 o'clock, A. M. The public are respectfully and cordially invited to attend.

MARRIED.

SHUCK—On the 13th inst., Jessie Benton, only daughter of William and Mary Shuck, of this place, aged 5 months and 7 days.

KINTON—On the 14th inst., James Kinton, of this place, aged 33 years, 6 months and 16 days.

New Advertisements.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—The undersigned, appointed by the Orphans' Court of Bedford county, Auditor, to make a distribution of the balance in the hands of Jacob Beckley, Administrator of Levi McGregor, late of St. Clair township, deceased, would respectfully give notice that he will attend to the duties of his appointment, at his office, in Bedford, on Wednesday, June 13th, A. D., 1866, at 11 o'clock, A. M., when and where all parties interested can attend if they think proper. M. A. POINTS, Auditor.
may25.-3t.

CLOTHING EMPORIUM.—GEO. REIMUND, Merchant Tailor, Bedford, Pa., keeps constantly on hand ready-made clothing, such as coats, pants, vests, &c.; also a general assortment of cloths, cassimeres, and gents' furnishing goods of all kinds; also calicoes, muslins, &c., all of which *will be sold low for cash*. My room is a few doors west of Fyan's store and opposite Rush's marble yard. I invite *all* to give me a call. I have just received a stock of new goods.
may25,'66.

SOLDIERS OF BEDFORD COUNTY, ATTENTION!—You are called upon once more, this time for peace and not for war, to rally around the old flag, and show to the world that four years of war have not dampened your military arder. A meeting for the purpose of enrolling and organizing a Militia Company, will be held in Bedford, on Saturday, May 26, 1866.
For particulars inquire of
Major S. DICKERHOOF,
may25.-1t. WM. G. RIFFLE.

MORRISON HOUSE,
HUNTINGDON, PA.
I have purchased and entirely renovated the large stone and brick building opposite the Pennsylvania Railroad Depot, and have now opened it for the accommodation of the traveling public.—The Carpets, Furniture, Beds and Bedding are entirely new and first class, and I am safe in saying that I can offer accommodations not excelled in Central Pennsylvania.
I refer to my patrons who have formerly known me while in charge of the Broad Top City Hotel and Jackson House. JOSEPH MORRISON.
may25,'66.-tf.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!
'WAY DOWN BELOW THE GROUND FLOOR.'
BOUGHT JUST AT THE RIGHT TIME AND TO BE SLAUGHTERED AT ONCE AT VERY LOW PRICES!

The following comprise a few of our goods:

DRY GOODS.

Good Calicoes at 10 cts.,
Very desirable at 16 cts.
Sold very often for best at 20 cts.
Best Makes at 22 cts.
French Lawns at 50 cts.
American Lawns at 35 cts.

Unbleached Muslin—heavy—3-4 at 15 cents.
" " " 7-8 at 18 "
" " very " 7-8 at 22 "
" " " " 4-4 at 20 "
" " extra " 4-4 at 25 "
Bleached Muslin from 15 cen's up.
American and French Ginghams,
Challies, Delaines, all colors, half wool,
All wool Delaines all colors,
Barred and Plain Cambric Brilliants,
Nansook Swiss, &c., Alpacas, &c., &c.,
Bed Ticking at 35, 50 and best at 60 cents,
Sheeting Check at 25 cents—best at 31 cents.
All kinds of Flannels.

MEN'S WEAR.

Jeans 21 cents and upwards,
Cottonade from 25 cents up,
All wool Cassimeres from 90 cts. up,
Great bargains in Cloths.
Hosiery, Gloves, Dress Buttons, Hankerchiefs,
A large lot of Paper Collars, glazed and plain.

LADIES' HOOP SKIRTS.

GROCERIES:

Best Crushed Sugar 20 cents.
" Granulated " 20 "
" Pulverized " 20 "
" A " 19 "
" B " 18 "
" C " 17 "
Brown Sugar, fair article, 12 "
" good " 14 "
" extra " 15 "
" prime " 16 "
Syrups, 60 cts., $1.00, 1.50 and best Lovering 1.60.
Prime Rio Coffee at 30 cents,
Extra " at 33 "
Tea, Rice, Spices, of all kinds, &c., &c., &c., &c.

DYE-STUFFS:

Extract of Logwood, Alum, Copperas, Madder, Indigo, &c.

TOBACCO:

Congress, Twist, Navy, Oronoco, Graveley's Natural Leaf, &c., a good article of Segars, and Smoking Tobacco.

FISH:

Mackerel in half barrels,
" " quarter "
" " eight "
Potomac Herring.

QUEENSWARE:

A general assortment of all kinds of Queensware.

HATS:

Summer Hats from 12½ cents up, all prices and sizes.
A large assortment of Wool and Fur Hats for Men and Boys, all sizes and prices.

CLOTHING:

A general assortment of Men's and Boys' clothing, at prices to suit the times.

BOOTS AND SHOES:

A general assortment of Ladies' Gaiters, Boots and Shoes.
Misses' and Children's Shoes, all kinds.
Men's and Boy's " " "

LEATHER:

A prime article of Red Sole Leather at 40 cents a pound; Calf Skins, Lining Skins, Upper Leather, &c.

CEDAR WARE:

Tubs, Buckets, Brooms, &c., &c.

COTTON CHAIN:

All numbers, at $3 50 a bundle.

STATIONERY:

Letter, Cap and Note Paper, Envelops, Window Paper, plain and patterns.
☞ Don't fail to call and see us, at No. 1, Anderson's Row.
J. M. SHOEMAKER.
may25,'66.

MERCHANTS and MECHANICS, and Business men generally will advance their own interests by advertising in the columns of THE GAZETTE.

MAMMOTH SALE BILLS, printed at short notice. Large Bills make large sales. We know it to be so. TRY IT! It will much more than pay the *extra expense* of printing. Call at THE GAZETTE JOB OFFICE

ORDERS from a distance for any kind of JOB PRINTING promptly attended to. Send to THE GAZETTE JOB OFFICE, Bedford, Pa.

THE Local circulation of the BEDFORD GAZETTE is larger than that of any other paper in this section of country, and therefore offers the greatest inducements to business men to advertise in its columns.

EVERY VARIETY AND STYLE OF JOB PRINTING neatly executed at low rates at THE BEDFORD GAZETTE office. Call and leave your orders.

Notices, &c.

FOR SALE—VERY LOW—a second hand PIANO. Inquire of
apr.13,'66.-tf. C. N. HICKOK.

THIS WAY.—The Books of J. B. FARQUHAR, Esq., are in my hands for settlement and collection. Suits will be brought on all unsettled claims, on his books, from and after the first day of June next, without respect to persons. H. NICODEMUS.
Bedford, May11.-3t.

BACK AGAIN!—GREAT BARGAINS!—ISAAC LIPPEL having returned to Bedford with a large and varied stock of ready-made Clothing, all styles and sizes, and also a large supply of Dry Goods and Groceries, invites his old friends and the public generally to call at his store, in the old stand, one door east of Dr. W. H. Watson's office and examine his goods. All kinds of country produce taken in exchange for goods
may4,'66.

VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE.—100 acres of excellent limestone land, about 15 acres well timbered, the remainder under cultivation, lying a few miles north of Bedford, for sale on reasonable terms. For particulars apply to MEYERS & DICKERSON,
may18.-3ms. Bedford, Pa.

CAUTION.—I hereby give notice that my wife, Annie S. Guthrie, (formerly Annie S. Stuckey, daughter of C. and R. Stuckey, near Bedford, Pa.,) deserted me, in my absence, from Altona, Knox county, Ills. I caution all persons from harboring or crediting her on my account, as I will not be responsible for any debts of her contracting. THOMAS GUTHRIE.
may18.-3t.*

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Letters testamentary on the estate of Artemas Bennett, late of Southampton township, dec'd, having been granted by the Register of Bedford county, to the undersigned, notice is hereby given to all having claims against said estate to present them properly authenticated for settlement, and all persons indebted will please make immediate payment.
GEORGE S. BENNETT,
ARTEMAS S. BENNETT,
apr.20.-6t. Ex'rs.

BOUNTY, BOUNTY,—Soldiers! Congress is about to pass a law granting additional bounty! Those of you, therefore, who have not received bounty, and those who have received but $100, or less, will find it to their advantage to call on me THREE MONTHS', SIX MONTHS', and NINE MONTHS' MEN, come!
April, 6 1866. JOHN PALMER

PERSONS knowing themselves indebted to us for advertising Administrators', Executors', Auditors' Notices, Orphans' Court sales and other sales of Real Estate, and for printing bills, &c., &c., will please call and settle for the same, as all such advertising and printing should be CASH MEYERS & MENGEL.
Feb 16, '66-tf.

TANNERS, ATTENTION!—A new Tannery, in good order, containing one pool, three limes, three baits, five leaches, thirty-four lay-a-way vats, with the necessary number of handlers, in as good a location as can be found in Bedford county, for rent. For further information call at this office. Nov. 17, '65-tf

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS OF THE BEDFORD COUNTY OIL COMPANY.—Persons who subscribed to this company, by a resolution of the Board of Managers, are required to pay the first and last instalment, of the amount subscribed, on or before the 1st of May. The parties employed to sink the well are on the ground ready to operate and the money must be forthcoming. By order of the Company.
March 9-3m GEO. W. GUMP, Pres't

Fancy Stores.

REMOVAL.—CALL AND SEE NEW MILLINERY STORE!—Mrs. E. V. MOWRY would respectfully inform her old friends and customers, as well as the ladies generally, that she has removed her store to the fine rooms, immediately opposite the Bedford Hotel, formerly occupied by J. Cessna, where she has just received a large and carefully selected assortment of
NEW MILLINERY and DRESS GOODS, and NOTIONS, consisting, in part, of
BONNETS and HATS,
RIBBONS, FLOWERS, &c.,
ALL WOOL DELAINES,
POPLINS, BERAGES,
ALPACAS, LAWNS,
CALICOES, &c.,
LADIES' COATS and SHAWLS,
BEST KID GLOVES,
SILK and THREAD Gloves,
COLLARS,
HOOP SKIRTS,
BALMORALS,
CORSETS, &c., &c.
Also, a fine assortment of LADIES', MISSES' and CHILDREN'S SHOES, made specially to order. These goods will be sold at the lowest prices, but for CASH only. Mrs. Mowry returns her thanks for past favors, and respectfully solicits a continuance of the patronage of the ladies of Bedford and vicinity. [apr.27,66.

MRS. TATE AND MISS REA have returned from the city with the most beautiful assortment of
MILLINERY AND FANCY GOODS,
ever before offered in this market. In addition to this they have with them a lady from Philadelphi, who has experience as *a practical Milliner*, and having also arranged to have *a practical MANTUA-MAKER* from one of the city establishments, they are confident they can offer to their customers assurances of satisfaction which cannot be surpassed. [apr.20,'66.

MISS KATE DEAL & MRS. M. R. SCHAFFER have just returned from the city with a fine assortment of fashionable
BONNETS,
HATS,
RIBBONS,
FLOWERS,
GLOVES,
ladies' and gents' hose, ladies' and gents' handkerchiefs and collars, fancy neck-ties, ruffling, dress buttons and trimming, machine silk and cotton, hair brushes, tooth brushes, clothes brushes, soaps, perfumery, enamel, skirt braid, embroidering braid, ladies' corsets and hoops, balmoral skirts, lace veils, tissue for veils, cloths for sacks, dress goods, poplins, lawns, ginghams, &c., &c.
Mantua-making and all kinds of Milliner work done in the *cheapest and best* manner.
may11'66.

Stores, &c.

B. M'C. BLYMYER. | GEO. BLYMYER.

IMPORTANT TO HOUSEKEEPERS!
STOVE EMPORIUM,
AND
TINWARE ESTABLISHMENT.

B. M'C. BLYMYER & Co.

Have just refitted and refurnished their splendid stock of Stoves and Tinware, at the old stand of Blymyer & Son, and persons in need of anything in their line will find it to their advantage to give them a call. They always keep on hand a full assortment of
PARLOR AND COOK STOVES,
with fixtures, together with the many different articles of
TIN AND TOILET WARE,
necessary for complete house furnishing purposes.

COUNTRY MERCHANTS
Should bear in mind that their orders will always be promptly attended to, and a full share of their patronage is solicited.

ROOFING AND SPOUTING
Done in the most approved manner, and on the shortest possible notice.

REPAIRING
Promptly attended to with neatness and dispatch.

The patrons and friends of the firm of BLYMYER & SON will find them elegantly fitted up on the corner lately occupied by Mrs. Stewart, with a complete stock of Hardware, &c., always on hand. may11,'66.

This is a special invitation to the reader to call at the
BEDFORD CLOTHING
EMPORIUM,
and examine our stock of
Ready-made Clothing, Hats and Caps, Piece Goods,
Prices to suit the buyers.
BERKSTRESSER & SMITH.
apr.27,'66.

Legal Notices.

ADMINISTRATORS' NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration have been granted to the subscriber on the estate of John Bridges, late of Southampton township, Bedford county, dec'd, all persons indebted to said estate are notified to make payment, and those having claims thereon will present them duly authenticated for settlement.
apr.27,-6t. BENTON BRIDGES, Adm'r.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration have been granted by the Register of Bedford county, to the undersigned, on the estate of Michael Fry, late of Union township, deceased.
All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims can present them duly authenticated for settlement.
may 4,-6t. JOHN M. CLAAR, Adm'r.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue of a writ of a *test. vend exponas* to me directed, there will be sold at the Court House, in the borough of Bedford, on Saturday, the 9th day of June, at 10 o'clock, A. M., the following real estate, viz: One lot of ground in the town of Coaldale, fronting on Fulton street, adjoining an alley on the east, and on the west by lot belonging to James Eichelberger, 100 feet front and 120 feet back, with a two story Frame House and a Frame Stable thereon erected, situate in Broadtop township, Bedford county, and taken in execution as the property of Lemuel Evans.
JOHN ALDSTADT, Sheriff.
Sheriff's Office, May 18,'66.-4t.

RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES OF BEDFORD BOROUGH.—John H. Rush, Esq., Treasurer of Bedford Borough, in account with said borough, from May 1, A. D., 1865, to May 1, 1866.

Treasurer	*Dr.*
To balance in Treasury at last settlement,	$27 29
To cash received from S. Reimund, Weigh Master,	51 00
To cash received for Circus Licenses,	20 00
" " " from H. Nicodemus, collector, tax for 1864,	367 45
" " " from same, for 1864,	465 82
	$931 56

The Treasurer asks credit for the following disbursements for the use of said borough of Bedford:

Treasurer	*Cr.*
By amount paid on sundry checks, as follows, viz:	
Wm. Brown, for work done on Richard st.	$21 75
R. R. Sill, for auditing borough account,	3 00
Lewis Saupp, " " "	3 00
Wm. Bowles, for wheel-barrow,	5 00
James Corboy, for salary to April 21, '65,	25 00
W. Stahl, for making draft frames,	2 00
James Corboy, work, &c., horse, cart, &c.	50 62
B. F. McNeil, printing,	10 00
V. Steckman, rail got of S. Amick,	1 50
J. H Hutton, auditing borough account,	3 00
W Brown, work done on Richard street,	21 00
James Corboy, salary to May 1,'65,(1 mo.)	25 00
" " carting, &c.,	46 87
Wm Boher, two days work,	3 00
B Border, winding town clock (1 y) & rep's	25 00
Lawrence Defibaugh, mending hydrant,	6 50
Abram Herman " "	2 10
John Aldstadt, lodging prisoners in jail,	6 31
B F Meyers, printing,	16 70
James Corboy, carting dirt,	39 15
J Corboy, salary to Nov.4,'65,(2m&16 d)	65 55
J L Lessig, curbing front of lots of Lyons, Reamer and Rev. Heyden,	132 00
Jno Mower, acting street commissioner,	6 00
David Defibaugh, repairing hydrants in July and August, 1865,	8 00
D Border, repairing hydrants,	5 00
James Corboy, carting dirt, horse and cart,	18 56
" " carting dirt on streets,	7 50
" " salary to Jan.1,'66,(1 m & 18 d)	42 28
A J Disbong, blacksmithing,	22 82
Jno Palmer, salary as clerk, stamps, light, fuel, stationery, &c.,	30 00
J Corboy, carting, cleansing engine, &c.,	9 56
" salary, working on streets, attending hydrants, &c.,	79 19
" salary as high constable for 1865,	20 00
W Harris, soldering hydrants, &c.,	1 75
Lawrence Defibaugh, mending hydrants,	1 00
Samuel Boher, carting dirt,	16 08
J W Lingenfelter, acting street commissioner,	9 00
John H Rush, printing done by Durborrow & Lutz, for weigh-master,	5 00
J Aldstadt, keeping disorderly persons in jail,	2 93
John H Rush, salary as Treasurer to April 1, 1866,	20 00
Bank of Crawford county, uncurrent (on hand),	5 00
Exoneration and commissions for 1864,	58 8
Balance (cash) in the Treasury,	7 43
	$931 56

BEDFORD BOROUGH BOUNTY FUND.

Treasurer	*Dr.*
To amount received from H. Nicodemus, Esq., collector,	$1049 00
Treasurer	*Cr.*
By amount paid J B Farquhar, for Bond No. 6, $500. Interest $24.50,	$524 50
By amount paid J B Farquhar, for Bond No. 7, $500. Interest, $24.50,	524 50
	$1049 00

Statement of Money due Bedford Borough.

Balance in Treasury,	$7 43
Bank of Crawford county, (uncurrent),	5 00
Amount due from Jno Boor, former weigh-master,	9 45
Amount due from H. Nicodemus, Esq., collector for 1865, subject to exonerations and commissions,	388 98
Amount due from H. Nicodemus, Esq., collector for 1865, bounty fund, subject to exonerations and commissions	2401 31
	$2812 17

We, the undersigned, Auditors of Bedford Borough, do hereby certify that we met and did audit and adjust the account of John H. Rush, Esq., Treasurer of said borough, for the year ending May 1, A. D., 1866, as contained in the foregoing statements, and we have examined the foregoing account due to said borough, and that we have found the same correct. As witness our hands this tenth day of May, A. D., 1866.
R. R. SILL,
J. HENRY HUTTON,
J. REED YEAGER,
Attest: JOHN PALMER, Cl'k. Auditors
may18.

REDUCTION IN PRICE OF THE
AMERICAN WATCHES,
Made at WALTHAM, Mass.

In consequence of the recent great decline in gold and silver and all the materials used in the manufacture of our goods, and in anticipation of a still further decline, we have reduced our prices to as low a point as they can be placed
With Gold at Par,
so that no one need hesitate to buy a watch now from the expectation that it will be cheaper at some future time. The test of ten years and the manufacture and sale of
More than 200,000 Watches,
have given our productions the very highest rank among time-keepers. Commencing with the determination to make only thoroughly excellent watches, our business has steadily increased as the public became acquainted with their value, until for months together, we have been unable to supply the demand. We have repeatedly enlarged our factory buildings until they now cover over three acres of ground, and give accommodation to more than eight hundred workmen.
We are fully justified in stating that we now make make *more than one half of all the Watches sold in the United States.* The different grades are distinguished by the following trade-marks engraved on the plate:
1. "American Watch Co.," Waltham, Mass.
2. "Appleton, Tracy & Co.," Waltham, Mass.
3. "P. S. Bartlett," Waltham, Mass.
4. "Wm. Ellery."
5. Our Ladies' Watch of first quality is named "Appleton, Tracy & Co.," Waltham, Mass
6. Our next quality of Ladies' Watch is named "P. S. Bartlett," Waltham, Mass. These watches are furnished in a great variety of sizes and styles of cases.
The American Watch Co., of Waltham, Mass., authorize us to state that without distinction of trade marks or price,
All the Products of their Factory are fully warranted
to be the best time keepers of their class ever made in this or any other country. Buyers should remember that unlike the guarantee of a foreign maker who can never be reached, this warantee is good at all times against the Company or their agents, and that if after the most thorough trial, any watch should prove defective in any particular, it may always be exchanged for another. As the American Watches made at Waltham, are for sale by dealers generally throughout the country, we do not solicit orders for single watches.
CAUTION.—The public are cautioned to buy only of respectable dealers. All persons selling counterfeits will be prosecuted.
ROBBINS & APPLETON,
Agents for the American Watch Company,
may11,'66.-1m.] 182 Broadway, N. Y.

THE BEDFORD GAZETTE is the best Advertising Medium in Southern Pennsylvania.

Dry-Goods, Groceries, &c.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!—The undersigned have now opened a large and general assortment of
SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,
to which they respectfully invite the attention of buyers, assuring them they will find
BARGAINS
in every department of our stock.
TERMS:
CASH PREFERRED.
By special agreement a credit of six months can be had.
INTEREST CHARGED
on all accounts after period named.
may4,'66. A. B. CRAMER & CO.

THE WAR IS OVER,
BUT
P. A. REED
still carries on the campaign against high prices!
For this purpose he has just laid in a large supply of FALL AND WINTER GOODS.
Come and see our splendid assortment of
Cloths,
Cassimeres,
Satinetts,
Vestings, &c.
The fair sex are respectfully invited to examine our extensive stock of LADIES' DRESS GOODS,
Such as All Wool Delaines,
French Merinoes,
Coburg Cloths,
Alpacas,
Cloaking Cloths,
&c., &c., &c.
Gentlemen, call and take a look at our
Hats and Caps,
Boots and Shoes,
Ready-made Clothing,
etc., etc., etc., etc.
We also keep constantly on hand the best groceries in the market:
Coffees, Teas,
Sugars, Syrups,
Table Salt,
and Spices of all kinds.
Also, varieties of every description, the best Tobacco, Mishler's Bitters, and every thing usually kept in the Bedford stores. Give us a call, and satisfy your taste and judgment before buying.
Oct. 27, '65.

Philadelphia Trade.

HENRY HARPER,
520 Arch Street,
PHILADELPHIA.
WATCHES,
Fine Gold JEWELRY,
Solid SILVER WARE,
and superior Silver Plated Ware, at Reduced Prices. [Mar.23,'66-3m.

1866. PHILADELPHIA 1866.
WALL PAPERS.
HOWELL & BOURKE, Manufacturers of Paper Hangings, and Window Shades, corner Fourth & Market Streets Philadelphia. Always in store, a large stock of Linen and Oil Shades.
March 2 1866-3m

CARD.—LASH'S FIVE DOLLAR WASHING MACHINE is now offered to the public as the CHEAPEST, SIMPLEST and most EFFICIENT

Miscellaneous.

1866! PROSPECTUS 1866!
OF
"THE AGE,"

The only Democratic Daily Journal in Philadelphia.—Great Improvements and Great Inducements.—Union, Restoration, and Constitutional Liberty.

The publishers of THE AGE respectfully call attention to the Daily and Weekly issues of their popular Journal.

The Daily Age contains the latest intelligence from all parts of the world, with articles on Government, Politics, Trade, Finance, and all the current questions of the day; Local Intelligence, Market Reports, Prices Current, Stock Quotations, Marine and Commercial intelligence, Reports of Public Gatherings, Foreign and Domestic Correspondence, Legal Reports, Book Notices, Theatrical Criticisms, Reviews of Literature, Art and Music, Agricultural Matters; and discussions of whatever subjects are of general interest and importance.—Besides special telegrams, it has all the dispatches of the Associated Press from every part of the United States, and the news from all parts of Europe, brought by the steamers, is instantly telegraphed from the point the steamers first touch.

Terms of the Daily.—One copy, one year, $9.00; six months, $4.50; three months, $2.50; for any less period, at the rate of one dollar per month. Payment required invariably in advance. Postage on the Daily, thirty cents per quarter, or one dollar and twenty cents per annum, if prepaid.

The Weekly Age will be a complete compendium of the news of the week, and besides the leading editorials from the Daily, will contain a large amount of interesting matter prepared expressly for the weekly issue. It will be in all respects a first class family journal, particularly adapted to the Politician, the Farmer, the Merchant, the Mechanic, the Family Circle and the General Reader, having, in fact, every characteristic of a live newspaper. At an early day will be begun an intensely interesting serial, by one of the most popular and fascinating authors, and it is also the intention to publish, from week to week, in the course of the year, three or four of the best and latest novels.

Terms of the Weekly.—One copy, one year, $2; five copies, one year, $9; ten copies, one year, $17.50; twenty copies, one year, $33. To clubs, where the papers are sent to one address, the following reduction will be made: Ten copies, one year, $16.50; twenty copies, one year, $26. A copy will be furnished gratis for each of ten, or more, to one address, for one year. Payment required invariably in advance. Postage on the Weekly, five cts per quarter, or twenty cents per annum, is prepaid.

☞ The Weekly Age will be the great campaign paper of the Democratic Conservative Party of Pennsylvania, and will earnestly support the President in his patriotic efforts in behalf of Union, Restoration and Constitutional Liberty.

☞ The above terms will be rigidly adhered to. Specimen copies of the Daily and Weekly sent gratis, on application at this office. Please write the name and address plainly, and specify distinctly whether the Daily or Weekly is ordered.

Address WELSH & ROBB,
may18 | 430 Chestnut st., Philadelphia.

ALLEGHANY MALE AND FEMALE SEMINARY,
RAINSBURG, BEDFORD COUNTY, PA.

J. W. HUGHES, } *Principals and Proprietors.*
J. A. STEWART, }

The Spring Quarter of this Institution will open *TUESDAY, APRIL* 10th, 1866.

This Institution is very pleasantly situated in Friend's Cove, 8 miles from Bedford, the terminus of the Huntingdon and Bedford Rail Road, and 21 miles from Cumberland, a station on the North Central Rail Road. Rainsburg is a small, quiet, and exceedingly healthy town, in the midst of beautiful scenery, and sufficiently removed from the influence of large towns and cities to render it a most desirable location for a Literary Institution. Its inhabitants are moral and religious, and there are few temptations to vice, idleness or dissipation; situated in a rich agricultural section, this Institution for Young Ladies and Gentlemen is decidedly the *cheapest* in the country. It is organized on the most approved plan of the best Institutions of the land; its main object is, to impart *sound learning*. All branches, Scientifical, Classical and Ornamental, taught. The mental and moral culture are carefully attended to and (within sectarian prejudices) a due respect for religion is inculcated both by precept and example. "In things necessary, unity; in things doubtful, liberty; and in all things, charity." For circular and information, address HUGHES & STEWART.
Rainsburg, Bedford Co., Pa.

March 2, '66

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—The partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned under the name of J. B. Williams & Brother, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All persons owing accounts or notes to said firm will please call and settle immediately as in a short time they will be placed in other hands for collection. J. B. WILLIAMS,
S. D. WILLIAMS.

Bloody Run, March 15, '65.

The undersigned having taken the stand heretofore occupied by J. B. Williams & Brother, wishes to say to his friends that he feels grateful for past favors and begs a continuance of the same. But will give notice that he cannot sell goods on long credits, and persons buying must not leave their accounts stand over six months.

J. B. WILLIAMS.

Bloody Run, March 15, '65

PUMPS!!!

I am engaged in selling the
ERIE PUMP—
certainly the only pump
well adapted to this
climate
Persons in need of a
Good Pump,
will do well to give me a call.

☞ Orders from all parts of the county attended to with promptness.

ADDRESS:
WM. C. SNIVELY,
Schellsburg

Aug. 1, '65—1y

ATTENTION, COAL-CONSUMERS!—The undersigned having leased the collieries of the Biddlesburg Coal and Iron Company, for a period of years, are now prepared to furnish a better article of coal than has ever been mined at those collieries. We desire to call the attention of the people of Bedford county and the public generally, to this fact and that we will furnish, on the shortest notice, and at the lowest price, at Bloody Run, or Mt. Dallas, or any station on the Huntingdon and Broad Top R. R., any quantity of Coal that may be desired.

LANGDON & GLAZIER,
apr.20.—3m. Riddlesburg, Pa.

THE GREAT CAUSE OF HUMAN MISERY—Just published in a sealed envelope. Price six cents.

A Lecture on the Nature, Treatment and Radical cure of Spermatorrhœa or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Emissions, Sexual Debility, and Impediments to Marriage generally. Nervousness, Consumption, Epilepsy and Fits; Mental and Physical Incapacity, resulting from Self-Abuse, &c. By ROBERT J. CULVERWELL, M. D., Author of the "Green Book," &c.

The world renowned author, in this admirable Lecture clearly proves from his own experience that the awful consequences of Self-Abuse may be effectually removed without medicine, and without dangerous surgical operations, bougies, instruments, rings, or cordials, pointing out a mode of cure at once certain and effectual, by which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically. THIS LECTURE WILL PROVE A BOOK TO THOUSANDS AND THOUSANDS.

Sent under seal, to any address, in a plain, sealed envelop, on the receipt of six cents, or two postage stamps, by addressing

CHAS. J. C. KLINE & CO.,
127 Bowery, N. Y., Post Office Box 4586.

Feb 16, '65—1y

LETTER HEADS AND BILL HEADS, and ENVELOPES for business men, printed in the best style of the art, at THE GAZETTE Job Office.

A RARE CHANCE IS OFFERED ALL PERSONS
To display their Goods;
To sell their Goods;
To gather information;
To make known their wants;
&c., &c. &c. &c., &c., &c., &c., &c.,
by advertising in the columns of THE GAZETTE.

SLIP BILLS, PROGRAMMES, POSTERS, and all kinds of PLAIN and FANCY JOB PRINTING, done with neatness and despatch, at THE GAZETTE office.

MAMMOTH SALE BILLS, printed at short notice. Large Bills make large sales. We know it to be so. TRY IT! It will much more than pay the *extra expense* of printing. Call at THE GAZETTE JOB OFFICE.

ORDERS from a distance for any kind of JOB PRINTING promptly attended to. Send to THE GAZETTE JOB OFFICE, Bedford, Pa.

THE Local circulation of the BEDFORD GAZETTE is larger than that of any other paper in this section of country, and therefore offers the greatest inducements to business men to advertise in its columns.

EVERY VARIETY AND STYLE OF JOB PRINTING neatly executed at low rates at THE BEDFORD GAZETTE office. Call and leave your orders.

Medical.

$100 REWARD!

I will pay to any Doctor or member of the Medical Fraternity, the sum of $100 for any Compound that possesses more medicinal virtues and curative powers than Mishler's Herb Bitters.

B. MISHLER, Proprietor,
S. E. Corner of Centre Square,
may11.—1y. Lancaster, Pa.

$100 REWARD!

I will pay $100 Reward for the discovery of any medicinal preparation that can cure a greater variety of complaints than Mishler's Herb Bitters.

B. MISHLER, Proprietor,
S. E. Corner of Centre Square,
may11.—1y Lancaster, Pa.

500 DOLLARS REWARD!

I will pay $500 to the Proprietor of any Medicine that can show a greater number of genuine Certificates of cures effected by it near the place where it is made than MISHLER'S HERB BITTERS—of Consumption, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Bloody Flux, Diarrhœa, Typhoid, Remittent, Intermittent and Bilious Fevers, Fever and Ague, Cholera Morbus, Yellow Jaundice, Scrofula, Running or Sore Legs, Cancer, Abscess, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Coughs, Colds, Cramp in the Stomach, Chronic Diarrhœa, Piles, Tetter, Scald Head, Ophnema, or falling away-sickness peculiar to children, Leucorrhea, Falling of the Womb, all obstructions to the due course of nature in females, all venerial diseases, and all complaints arising from impure Blood or a weak and disordered state of the Stomach, Liver or Kidneys. Certificates of cures of the Yellow Fever in Mexico can also be furnished. *Remember* if it does not cure, the money will be refunded by the proprietor.

BENJAMIN MISHLER,
S. E. Corner of Centre Square,
Lancaster, Pa

SEND FOR A CIRCULAR.

The ingredients used in compounding Mishler's Herb Bitters are not kept secret by the Proprietor. Send for a circular and you will learn the medical properties of all the articles used in its preparation; also in the manner in which they operate on the system, and much other valuable information. If you are afflicted with disease send for one of Mishler's Herb Bitters Circulars; read it carefully, profit by the hints it contains, and you will be placed on the sure road of recovery.

may11.—1y.

MISHLER'S BITTERS
WILL
CURE ALL DISEASES OF THE SKIN!

Diseases of the skin are numerous and, with but one or two exceptions, may all be traced to impurity of the blood. In many persons this impurity is born in the system; while others acquire it through improper treatment of scores of diseases. Under this head may be classed—

1st. Scrofula.—This disease is hereditary and is transmitted from generation to generation. It is caused by a transgression of the laws of nature, both moral and physical; in other words, it is caused by *vice*. Acting as a latent poison, it reduces the vitality of the blood, and weakens the depurating organs, so that they fail to discharge or cast out the impurities that are continually generating in the system. A person physically pure acquires gonorhœa, or some other secret disease; he undergoes a course of mercury, the disease is dried up, and the patient pronounced well. Vain delusion. The complaint is not cured, it is channel is only diverted. Instead of making its appearance outwardly, it acts on the internal organs, and scrofula, which is bequeathed from father to son, is the result. Many persons who are perfectly free from all immorality and vice are afflicted with scrotula. They are suffering for the sins of their fathers and laboring under the curse inscribed inscribed in the Book of Books. "I will visit the iniquities of the fathers upon their children."

To cure this dreadful complain it is necessary that the blood be purified. All the organs of the body brought into healthy state of action, and the system braced up and strengthened by invigorating tonics. Look at the articles **used in compounding Mishler's Bitters; see the array of purifying and invigorating medicaments, and say whether there is an article in the whole list of medicines that equals it.** We here emphatically assert, without fear of contradiction, that

Mishler's Bitters will Cure all kinds of Scrofulous Diseases.

It purifies the blood, it strengthens the internal organs and aids them to perform their natural functions, it is a stimulant and a tonic and it will cure Scrofula.

2d. Running Sores and Ulcers.—Running sores and ulcers invariably indicate a scrofulous taint. They are caused by the efforts of nature to discharge the impurities of the blood. Many persons afflicted with running sores and ulcers succeeded in drying them up and think they are cured when the skin grows over the sore. They are, however, "but making bad worse," for the impurities that were discharged from the system through the medium of the sore now act internally and cause innumerable diseases and often death. The only true and sure cure for all running sores and ulcers is Mishler's Bitters, a continued and persevering use of which will most certainly effect a *permanent cure*.

3d. Salt Rheum.—Salt Rheum is a vague, indefinite, though, popular term given to almost all the non-febrile eruptions of the skin which afflict adults. It is generally an eruption of vesicles in small, distinct ulcers, accompanied with a smarting, tingling sensation, with a tendency to creep or spread over the adjoining surface. Mishler's Bitters are a sure cure for this disease.

4th. Pimples and Blotches.—Pimples and Blotches on the skin are always a sure sign of impure blood. Although never dangerous, except in cases of carbuncles, they are very disagreeable.—Often we will see the most handsome features rendered hideous by great blotches and pimples, and instead of the pleasing look which should irradiate the human face we see nothing but disgusting corruption; for pimples and blotches are nothing but the corrupt accumulations of the system expelled through the medium of the skin. The use of Mishler's Bitters will force these corruptions to be discharged through the natural channels, and thus cures all kinds of pimples and blotches. Ladies who desire a fair complection, free from pimples should bear this fact in mind.

For sale by J. E. LEWIS, Druggist, Bedford, Pa.
may11 —1y.

AGENTS WANTED in every town TO SELL THE FOLLOWING *VALUABLE SOUTHERN HISTORIES.*

SOUTHERN
HISTORY OF THE WAR.
BY
E. A. POLLARD, *Editor Richmond Examiner.*
2 Vols., 8vo., about 675 pages each. $3.50 per vol.
With 20 Splendid Steel Portraits.

This is the only complete and authentic history of the Southern side published, extending as it does, from the beginning of the war to the final surrender of the Confederate armies.

Mr. POLLARD'S prominent position in the Confederacy has enabled him to prepare a work unequaled in accuracy and interest, and which is everywhere acknowledged to be the

STANDARD SOUTHERN HISTORY.

It should find a place in every library.

—II.—
SOUTHERN GENERALS:
THEIR LIVES AND CAMPAIGNS.
By CAPT. W. PARKER SNOW.
With 17 Splendid Steel Portraits,
1 Vol. 8vo.; 500 pages. $4.00.

Containing Biographies of the distinguished Southern Generals, with full and graphic accounts of the various campaigns in which they were engaged. It is a most important and interesting volume, and has been prepared with the utmost care and thoroughness.

—III—
Life, Services and Campaigns of
STONEWALL JACKSON:
BY A VIRGINIAN.
1 Vol. 12mo.; 325 pages. $1.50.
WITH AUTHENTIC PORTRAITS OF JACKSON, and his successor EWELL, on Steel.

This is the only authentic history of this distinguished leader which has been written. It has been prepared from Official Reports, contemporary narratives, and personal acquaintance, and is complete and full.

—IV—
The Raids and Romances of
MORGAN AND HIS MEN:
BY MRS. SALLY ROCHESTER FORD.
With Steel Portrait of Gen. Morgan,
1 Vol. 12mo.; 425 pages, $1.75. A complete history of this daring officer, more thrilling and interesting than fiction.

—V—
WOMEN OF THE SOUTH,
Distinguished in Literature,
1 Vol. 8vo.; 511 pages. $3.50.
Illustrated with Splendid Portraits, on Steel, from Life, of
MME. OCTAVIA WALTON LE VERT.
MISS MARIA J. MCINTOSH.
MRS. ROSA VERTNER JOHNSON,
MRS. ANNA CORA RITCHIE.
MISS AUGUSTA J. EVANS.
MRS. L. VIRGINIA FRENCH,
MARION HARLAND,
And containing full biographical sketches and specimen extracts from the most celebrated writings in prose and verse, of
35 *Distinguished Literary Women of the South.*

All the above works are having an immense sale, and agents are doing splendidly everywhere. Many are making from $10 to $15 a day.

We want an agent in every town in the Southern States. Returned Soldiers, Ladies, Teachers and others, will find this most profitable employment.

Exclusive territory given, and liberal inducements offered to canvassers. For full particulars, address C. B. RICHARDSON,
Publisher, 540 Broadway, N. Y.

Publications.

ECLECTIC MAGAZINE.—LITERATURE, SCIENCE AND ART.—New Volume begins January, 1866.

The ECLECTIC MAGAZINE is, as its name indicates, a *selection* from other magazines and periodicals. These selections are carefully made each month, from the entire range of foreign Periodicals. In this respect it is *entirely unlike other monthlies*, and has no rival. The following are some of the works from which selections are made:—

London Quarterly,	Revue de deux Mondes,
British Quarterly,	London Society,
North British Review,	Bentley's Miscellany,
Pop. Science Review,	Cornhill Magazine,
Saturday Review,	Fraser's Magazine,
Leisure Hour,	Temple Bar,
Westminster Review,	Chambers' Journal,
Dub. University Magazine,	Edinburg Review,
Art Journal,	London National Rev.

We have also arranged to secure choice selections from the FRENCH, GERMAN AND OTHER CONTINENTAL PERIODICALS, translated especially for the ECLECTIC, and it is hoped this new feature will add greatly to the variety and value of the work.

EMBELLISHMENTS.

Each number is embellished with one or more *Fine Steel Engravings*—portraits of eminent men or illustrative of important events.

Volumes commence in January and July of each year; subscriptions can commence with any month.

TERMS: $5 per year; Single numbers, 50 cents. Five copies, $20.

The Trade, Clergymen, Teachers and Clubs supplied on favorable terms. Address
W. H. BIDWELL,
Dec 22 5 Beekman St., New York.

BRITISH PERIODICALS.

PREMIUMS TO NEW SUBSCRIBERS!

The London Quarterly Review (*Conservative*)
The Edinburg Review (*Whig.*)
The Westminster Review (*Radical.*)
The North British Review (*Free Church*) And
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine (*Tory.*)

TERMS FOR 1866.	per an.
For any of the Reviews	$4 00
For any two of the Reviews	7 00
For any three of the Reviews	10.00
For all four of the Reviews	12.00
For Blackwood's Magazine	4.00
For Blackwood and one Review	7.00
For Blackwood and any two of the Reviews	10 00
For Blackwood and three of the Reviews	13.00
For Blackwood and the four Reviews	15.00

The interest of these Periodicals to American readers is rather increased than diminished by the articles they contain on our late *Civil War*, and though sometimes tinged with prejudice, they may still, considering their great ability and the different stand points from which they are written, be read and studied with advantage by the people of this country, of every creed and party.

Premiums to New Subscribers.

New Subscribers to any two of the above periodicals for 1866 will be entitled to receive, gratis, any *one* of the "*Four Reviews*" for 1865. New Subscribers to all five of the Periodicals for 1866, will receive gratis, any *two* of the "*Four Reviews*" for 1865.

Subscribers may also obtain back numbers at the following reduced rates, viz:

Blackwood from September, 1854, to December, 1865, inclusive, at the rate of $2.50 a year.

The *North British* from January, 1853, to December, 1865, inclusive; the *Edinburgh* and the *Westminster* from April, 1851, to December, 1865, inclusive, and the *London Quarterly* for the year 1855, at the rate of $1.50 a year for each or any Review.

☞ A few copies yet remain of *all the Four Reviews* for 1865 at $4.00 a *set*, or $1.50 for any one.

LEONARD SCOTT & Co.
Publishers, 38 Walker Street, N. Y.

ENLARGEMENT!

The only Democratic Magazine published in the United States.

PROSPECTUS OF VOL. IV.—1866.

THE OLD GUARD,
A MONTHLY MAGAZINE,
DEVOTED TO
Literature, Science and Art, and the Political Principles of 1776 and 1787.

C. CHAUNCEY BURR, EDITOR.

JANUARY NUMBER READY DEC. 16.

CONTENTS:

STEEL PLATE PORTRAIT OF GEN. R. E. LEE.
THE SCIENCE OF PUBLIC OPINION,
PEN PICTURES OF PURITANISM,
DUCHOMMAR AND MORNA.—(Poetry.)
A NATIONAL "EVIL" THAT IS A NATIONAL BLESSING.
SOME FACTS ABOUT SOUTHERN AGGRESSIONS,
POPE AND COLERIDGE,
CHILDHOOD IN FRANCE AND ENGLAND,
THE EXCELLENCE OF IMPUDENCE,
HOW THE WORLD TREATS ITS THINKERS,
WHAT THE SHADOW SAID TO THE DREAMER,
THE CRIME OF WAR.—(Poetry.)
EX-PRESIDENT BUCHANAN'S BOOK,
FAREWELL.—(Poetry.)
SHOOTING AN ANGEL.—(A Romance.)
ZULU LAND—with illustrations
GENERAL ROBERT E. LEE,
NOTICES OF NEW BOOKS,
EDITOR'S TABLE.

Terms:—One copy, one year,	$ 3 00
Two copies "	5 00
Five copies, "	12 00
Ten copies, "	20 00
Twenty copies, one year, and one to getter up of the club,	40 00

A MAGNIFICENT PREMIUM.

We will send per express, carefully boxed, a *Grover & Baker Sewing Machine*, to any one who will send us, *on or before Feb 1st*, 1866, THIRTY SUBSCRIBERS TO THE OLD GUARD, at $3.00 each. The regular manufacturer's price is $85. No such an opportunity to circulate a superior *Family Magazine*, and secure a first-class *Family Sewing Machine*, was ever offered.

We shall commence in the January number for 1866 a series of Steel Plate Portraits, with Sketches of the most distinguished Southern Generals, beginning with Gen. Robert E. Lee. Among those given will be Generals Stonewall Jackson, J. E. Johnston, Beauregard, A. P. Hill, Price, Wade Hampton, etc., etc. These Portraits and Sketches alone will be worth the price of the Magazine.

Subscriptions may commence with any number. When no time is specified, it will be understood that the subscriber wishes to begin with the January number, the first one of the volume, and back numbers will be sent accordingly.

The Magazine is always stopped when the term of subscription expires. It is not necessary to give notice of discontinuance.

AGENTS WANTED all over the United States to circulate *The Old Guard*. For terms, address publishers.

Single copies, 25 cts. Specimen copies sent *free* to all desiring to get up clubs.

All letters should be addressed as follows:
VAN EVRIE, HORTON & CO.,
No. 162 Nassau St., New York.

All persons whose subscriptions expire with the December number, and who intend to renew for the next year, are particularly requested to do so at once, in order that their names may not be removed from the lists. This will insure promptness in the reception of the January number. In remitting please state the fact that the subscription is a renewal.

ON SATURDAY, JANUARY 6, 1866, Messrs. TICKNOR & FIELDS began the publication of a weekly journal entitled

EVERY SATURDAY:
A JOURNAL OF CHOICE READING,
SELECTED FROM FOREIGN CURRENT LITERATURE.

Much of the best literature of the day is found in the English and Continental magazines and periodicals; and it is the design of the Publishers of this new journal to reproduce the choicest selections from these for American readers, in a form at once attractive and inexpensive. The publishers believe that such a journal, conducted upon the plan which they propose, will be not only entertaining and instructive in itself, but interesting and valuable as a reflex of foreign periodical literature of the better class.

EVERY SATURDAY is intended for town and country, for the fireside, the seaside, the railway and the steamboat. Its plan embraces Incidents of Travel and Adventure, Essays Critical and Descriptive, Serial Tales, Short Stories, Poems, Biographies, Literary Intelligence, etc., in connection with judicious selections from the admirable popular papers on science which are constantly appearing in foreign periodicals. The value of these papers arises from the fact that scientific subjects, however harsh and dry in themselves, are here treated in so graphic and picturesque a style as to charm the reader while instructing him.

It will be, in short, the aim of its publishers that EVERY SATURDAY shall commend itself by its freshness and variety to all classes of intelligent and cultivated readers.

EVERY SATURDAY will contain each week thirty-two large octavo pages, handsomely printed in double columns, with an engraved title.

TERMS.

Single Numbers, 10 cents.
Subscription price $5.00 per year, in advance.

MONTHLY PARTS will be issued, containing 128 pages each, handsomely bound in an attractive cover, price 50 cents. Subscription price, $5.00 per year, in advance.

CLUBBING ARRANGEMENT.—Subscribers to any of the other periodicals published by TICKNOR AND FIELDS will receive EVERY SATURDAY for $4.00 per year in advance.

TICKNOR & FIELDS, Publishers,
124 Tremont Street, Boston.

NOTICE TO THE PRESS.—EVERY SATURDAY will be furnished to the press, for clubbing, at $3.50 per year; and any paper copying this prospectus, with editorial notices, will be entitled to an exchange.

Boots, Shoes and Varieties.

THE GREAT
VARIETY STORE!
ANDERSON'S ROW.
H. F. IRVINE,
REGULATOR OF PRICES IN BEDFORD.

Having purchased the establishment of Joseph Alsip, Jr., and added a fresh supply of

BOOTS AND SHOES,

I am determined to sell as cheap as the cheapest. Call and see my fine assortment of

QUEENSWARE, GLASSWARE, &c.

Also, my large stock of
HOSIERY,
GLOVES,
NECK-TIES,
COLLARS, &c.

Also, my articles in the Stationery line, such as
Pencils, Steel-Pens, Penholders, &c.

Also, my VARIETIES, such as
Spices of all kinds,
Table Salt, Essence of Coffee, Humbleton's Hair Stain, etc. In the BOT and SHOE line, I keep every thing calculated for man, woman or child; BOOTS of all kinds; SHOES of every description; GAITERS of all styls in the market.

CALL AND SEE MY GOODS,
and examine for yourselves!

No trouble to show goods. My prices will suit the times and the pockets of purchasers.

N. B. Orders from country merchants promptly filled at small advance upon city prices.

☞ I am also agen for the New England Family Sewing Machine, which should be in every family. An entire machine for the little sum of $20.00. Call and hand in your orders soon.

Oct. 20, '65. H. F. IRVINE.

ANOTHER ARRIVAL.—The subscriber would most respectfully inform the ladies and gentlemen of Bedford and vicinity, that he has again just returned from Philadelphia, with a well selected assortment of Ladies', Gentlemen's, Misses and Children's

Boots,
Shoes,
Gaiters,
and Balmorals,

of various descriptions, to which he respectfully invites their attention.

FOR GENTLEMEN, BOYS AND YOUTHS, he has every thing in their line, together with a stock of Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods, consisting of collars (all styles), scarfs, scarf-pins, neck-ties, butterflies, suspenders, handkerchiefs, &c., &c.

Also, the best brands TOBACCO AND CIGARS, all of which will be sold at a very small advance TO CASH AND SHORT-TIME BUYERS.

As heretofore stated, we do not boast that ours is the *largest, cheapest, and best* assortment of Boots and Shoes ever brought to Bedford, but we have bought according to our means, feeling assured that the best and decidedly the *most lasting* advertisement, is a trial of the goods. But whilst there may be *larger*, we feel confident that there is none *better*.

Having been in the shoe business all our life, we feel satisfied that we fully understand our business, and have purchased our goods accordingly. We have on hand a nice stock of plain and fine

STATIONERY,

to which we invite attention.

Repairing done with neatness and despatch, and all rips of our own goods sewed free of charge.

☞ Please remember! *All rips sewed or pegged free of charge.*

TO THE LADIES.

We take pleasure in saying that we have an excellent stock of J. L. RITTER'S PHILADELPHIA MADE SHOES AND GAITERS, which we will guarantee to wear as *LONG* as any other make; and neatly repaired when necessary. We still have a separate apartment for their accommodation, have a lady to wait upon them, and will be most happy to have them give us a call.

☞ Don't forget the place, *Shaffer's Building, Juliana Street*, a few doors South of the Washington Hotel.

October 20, '65. J. HENRY HUTTON.

1866. MAKE UP YOUR CLUBS.
THE NEW YORK NEWS,
The only Recognized Democratic Newspaper published in New York,
DAILY, SEMI-WEEKLY, AND WEEKLY.

TO THE PUBLIC.

THE NEW YORK NEWS has battled against despotism for four years of blood and terror in assertion of the sanctity of the Constitution. A patriotism sufficiently broad to embrace both sections has been its only guide, and it refers now with honest pride to its record to show that it has not turned to the right or the left under all the violence of arbitrary power.

True to its principles as THE NEWS has been through the reign of terror, it challenges public confidence in its honesty and independence for the future.

The political transition of the present day opens to THE NEWS a new and wider field of usefulness. Standing now as it always has, on the inviolability of the Constitution, according to the interpretation of the strict constructionists, it presents a rallying ground for all, in both sections, who are friends of a generous conservatism. As a true and tried exponent of sectional amity it occupies a position which makes it the fitting mediator in holding up to the party of order in both sections, interests and principles that gave breadth and vitality to their alliance. As an intersectional agent, devoted to freedom of election, to trial by jury, to the sanctity of the habeas corpus, and opposed now, as for four years of terror it has been, to the centralization that dares to trample on the rights of States, North or South, THE NEWS places itself as a candidate for support before the great body of this once free people.

The circumstances of the moment make the dissemination of the principles of THE NEWS a duty of individual patriotism. Every man who concurs in its doctrines must if he entertain a true sense of freedom, do so in no spirit of indifference, but rather with the earnestness of a high trust. Justified, nay bound, in his love of liberty to do so, the proprietor places the canvass he makes here at the public generally in the hands of those men who give him the approval of their consciences as his individual agents. Every reader of the THE NEWS cannot avoid the conviction, of duty which is here pointed out as the ground of the request, that he urges his claims for a wider support upon all of his friends and neighbors who give their earnest sympathies to the cause of "strict construction," intersectional conciliation, and all the rights of the citizen under the system set up by our fathers of liberty regulated by law. The proprietor of THE NEWS calls, therefore, upon true and good conservatives throughout the country to discharge, to their convictions of political right at this great crisis in the country's fortunes, the duty of giving to the influence of his paper, daily, semi-weekly, or weekly, the wider power for good which it seeks here through the service of its individual supporters.

Send the names of all Friends of CONSTITUTIONAL LIBERTY, and we will send them Specimen copies FREE.

TERMS.

New York Daily News, to Mail Subscribers per annum.	$10.00
New York Daily News, to Mail Subscribers for six months.	5.00

SEMI-WEEKLY.

Published every Tuesday and Friday.	
One copy one year,	$ 4.00
Three copies one year,	10.00
Five copies one year,	15.00
Ten copies one year,	30.00
Twenty copies one year,	55.00
To Clergymen one year,	3.00

And an EXTRA copy to any club of TEN.

WEEKLY.

Published every Wednesday.	
One copy, one year,	$ 2.00
Three copies one year,	5.00
Five copies one year,	8.75
Ten copies one year,	17.00
Twenty copies one year,	30.00
To Clergymen,	1.50

And an EXTRA copy to any club of TEN.

Any person sending a club of Fifty for the Semi-weekly or Weekly News will be entitled to the *Daily News Free for one year*. The name of the Post-Office and State should in all cases be plainly written. To insure safety in remittances, money orders are preferable. Address

BENJAMIN WOOD,
New York News Building,
19 City Hall Square, New York.

March 2, '66

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.—B. M. GREENE has opened his Music Store, one door west of W. Lewis' Book Store, where he keeps constantly on hand STEINWAY & SONS' and RAVEN & BACON'S, AND OTHERS' PIANOS, MASON & HAMLIN'S CABINET ORGANS and CARHART, NEEDHAM & CO'S' MELODEONS; Guitars, Violins, Fifes, Flutes; Guitar and Violin Strings.

MUSIC BOOKS—Golden Chain, Golden Shower, Golden Censor, Golden Trio, &c., &c.

SHEET MUSIC—He is constantly receiving from Philadelphia all the latest music, which persons at a distance wishing, can order, and have them sent by mail, at publisher's prices.

☞ Pianos and Organs warranted for *five years*.

Those wishing to buy any of the above articles are invited to call and examine mine before purchasing elsewhere. My prices are the same as in New York and Philadelphia.

Circulars of instruments sent promptly upon application with any additional information desired.

B. M. GREENE,
Hill street, Huntingdon, Pa.,
in Brown's new Hardware Building.

Dr. C. N. Hickok, Agent, Bedford, P.
Dec. 1, '65—1y

Job Printing.

THE BEDFORD GAZETTE

POWER PRESS

PRINTING ESTABLISHMENT,

BEDFORD, PA.

MEYERS & MENGEL

PROPRIETORS.

Having recently made additional improvements to our office, we are prepared to execute all orders for

PLAIN AND FANCY

JOB PRINTING,

With dispatch and in the most

SUPERIOR STYLE.

CIRCULARS,
LETTER HEADS,
BILL HEADS,
CHECKS,
CERTIFICATES,
BLANKS,
DEEDS,
REGISTERS,
RECEIPTS,
CARDS,
HEADINGS,
ENVELOPES,
SHOWBILLS,
HANDBILLS,
INVITATIONS,
LABELS, &c. &c.

Our facilities for printing

POSTERS, PROGRAMMES, &c.,

FOR

CONCERTS AND EXHIBITIONS,

ARE UNSURPASSED.

"PUBLIC SALE" BILLS

Printed at short notice.

We can insure complete satisfaction as to time and price.

All Work Executed Promptly.

Medical.

HELMBOLD'S
EXTRACT BUCHU.

HELMBOLD'S BUCHU
HELMBOLD'S BUCHU.
HELMBOLD'S BUCHU.

The only known remedy for

DIABETES,

IRRITATION OF THE NECK OF THE BLADDER, INFLAMMATION OF THE KIDNEYS, CATARRH OF THE BLADDER, STRANGURY OR PAINFUL URINATING.

For these diseases it is truly a sovereign remedy, and too much cannot be said in its praise. A single dose has been known to relieve the most urgent symptoms.

Are you troubled with that distressing pain in the small of the back and through the hips? A teaspoonful a day of Helmbold's Buchu will relieve you.

PHYSICIANS AND OTHERS

PLEASE NOTICE.

I make no secret of ingredients. Helmbold's Extract Buchu is composed of Buchu, Cubebs, and Juniper Berries, selected with great care, prepared in *vacuo* and according to rules of

PHARMACY AND CHEMISTRY,

These ingredients are known as the most valuable Diuretics afforded.

A DIURETIC

Is that which acts upon the kidneys.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU
ACTS GENTLY,

Is pleasant in taste and odor, free from all injurious properties, and immediate in its action.

FOR THE SATISFACTION OF ALL,

See Medical Properties contained in Dispensatory of the U. S., of which the following is a correct copy:

"BUCHU.—Its odor is strong, diffusive, and somewhat aromatic, its taste bitterish, and analogous to that of mint. It is given chiefly in complaints of the Urinary Organs, such as Gravel, chronic Catarrh of the Bladder, Morbid irritation of the Bladder and Urethra, Diseases of the Prostrate, and Retention or the Incontinence of Urine, from a loss of tone in the parts concerned in its evacuation. It has also been recommended in Dyspepsia, Chronic Rheumatism, Cutaneous Affections, and Dropsy."

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION,

See Professor Dewees' valuable works on the Practice of Physic.

See Remarks made by the celebrated Dr. Physic, of Philadelphia.

See any and all Standard Work on Medicine.

FROM THE
LARGEST
MANUFACTURING CHEMIST
IN THE WORLD.

I am acquainted with H. T. Helmbold; he occupied the drug store opposite my residence, and was successful in conducting the business where others had not been equally so before him. I have been favorably impressed with his character and enterprise.

WM. WEIGHTMAN,
(Firm of Powers & Weightman,)
Manufacturing Chemists,
Ninth and Brown Streets, Philadelphia.

[*From the Philad'a Evening Bulletin, Mar.*, 10.]

We are gratified to hear of the continued success, in New York, of our townsman, Mr. H. T. Helmbold, Druggist. His store, next to the Metropolitan Hotel, is 28 feet front, 230 feet deep, and five stories in height. It is certainly a grand establishment, and speaks favorably of the merit of his articles. He retains his Office and Laboratory in this city, which are also model establishments of their class.

The proprietor has been induced to make this statement from the fact that his remedies, although advertised, are

GENUINE PREPARATIONS,

And, knowing that the intelligent refrain from using any thing pertaining to Quackery, or the Patent Medicine order—most of which are prepared by self-styled Doctors, who are too ignorant to read a physician's simplest prescription, much less competent to prepare pharmaceutical preparations.

THESE PARTIES RESORT

to various means of effecting sales, such as copying parts of advertisements of popular remedies, and finishing with certificates.

The Science of Medicine stands SIMPLE, PURE, and MAJESTIC.—having Fact for its Basis, Induction for its Pillar, Truth alone for its Capital.

A WORD OF CAUTION.

Health is most important; and the afflicted should not use an advertised remedy, unless its contents or ingredients are known to others besides the manufacturer, or until they are satisfied of the qualifications of the party so offering.

HELMBOLD'S
Genuine Preparations.

FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU,
FLUID EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA,
AND IMPROVED ROSE WATER.
Established upwards of 16 years.

Prepared by H. T. HELMBOLD.

PRINCIPAL DEPOTS.

HELMBOLD'S Drug and Chemical Warehouse 594 *Broadway, New York*;

And HELMBOLD'S Medical Depot, 104 *South Tenth Street, Philadelphia, Pa.*

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Oct. 20, '65.—1y.

Medical.

SHRINERS BALSAMIC COUGH SYRUP.

For Coughs, Colds, Croup, Whooping Cough, Asthma, Bronchitis, Spitting Blood, Pain and Weakness of the Breast, Difficulty of Breathing, &c.

This is no new remedy. It has been used for a number of years in Maryland and parts of Pennsylvania, and has, wherever known, acquired an unprecedented reputation for curing the various diseases for which it is recommended.

So apparent is its usefulness, and so remarkable has been its cures, that it is fast superceding every other remedy for those diseases. The afflicted can rely upon its doing as much for them, and in many cases more than any other remedy now before the public.

It is recommended and prescribed in the practice of a large number of the most intelligent and able physicians of Maryland. It is used and considered an indispensable household remedy